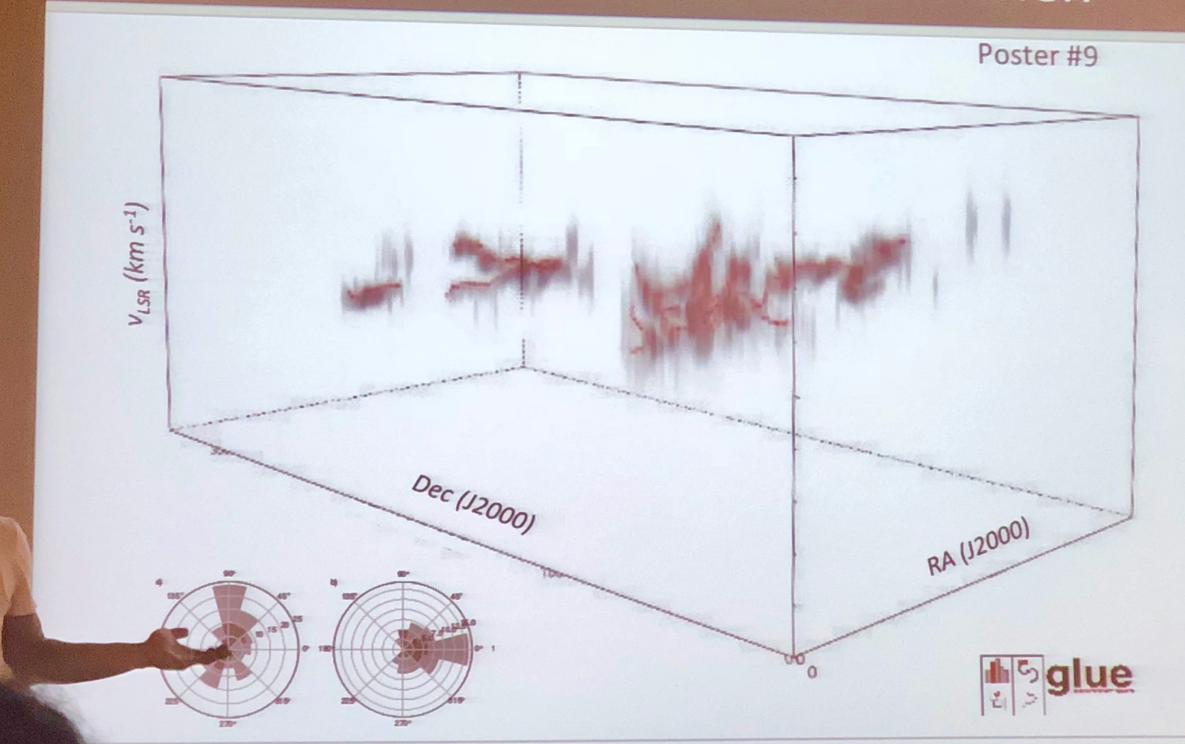


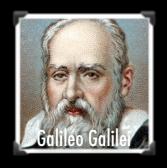
Filament Kinematics – Mike Chen





































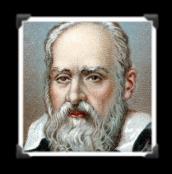


Alyssa A. Goodman Harvard-Smithsonian Center for Astrophysics, Radcliffe Institute, @aagie















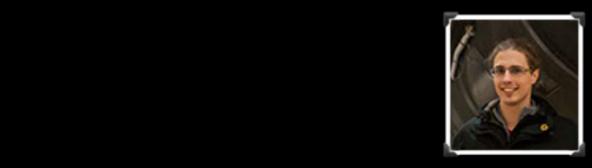










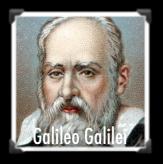






















Planet

Core

"Cloud"

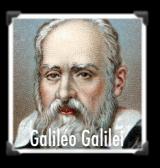
GMC

Galaxy

Universe

















Planet

Core

"Cloud"

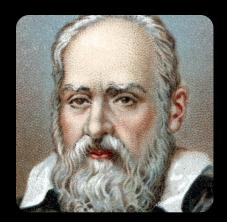
GMC

Galaxy

Universe



Simulations too!



GALILEO GALILEI

(1564 - 1642)



Jex Pringe. Goliko Galily Framilies Serus Della Ser. V. inuigitar To assiduant of to ogni spirito to bosere no solum satisfas aliarios che none della terum di Mademation nello sei Du Di Padoua, Inverse Jamere determinate & progentare al Jey Pricipe et I given di finamento inghinabila & of ne (maggior jeg who at when a Diposition for L'Ordiale anato Salle più no Sik specularioni & thus na Luantaggiodi soprice Legnice Vele dell'imm That here it put is the po frima it get jewopra noi et Distingues I me men et laquation De i Vestelly quickare le sue forse pallestissialla caccia al combattomento o alla fuga, o pure ana nella capaqua shirta sinere et partialary Distingutre apri pu Ali to is well is tale within zine * + 18 *

7	* *0 *	h * 0
8	0***	* 0
مر	* * 0	9.0.
н	** 0	4 * •() • •
n.	* *O *	m·O·. ,O' ,O'
13.	. O	нО
15	0 * * *	(12 . 0.
J¢	0 .,	√r °
ام ا	*O*	12h
17	* O *	24 . 0 24 . 0

uence. The e	at the seventl astern one wa ern one 2 mir	h hour, as 1 mi	nute, 30 s	econds fro	m Jupiter
st	*	0	*		* We
minutes rem me straight lin On the fourth apiter, two to t	ne and of equa	al mag	nitude. r, there w	ere four st	ars arou
ast	* :	.0	*	*	We
an the rest. B	ut at the seve t. Jupiter wa	enth ho s 2 mi	our the eas	m the nea	were only rer easter
ast	**	0	*	*	Wes
ne, while he we ne was 3 minu nd extended on On the fifth, On the sixth,	tes from the v the same str the sky was	vestern raight l cloudy	most one ine along	They we the eclipti	re all equa c.
ast	*	0	*		Wes
the adjoining vestern one 3 m	inutes from Ju	ipiter.	They were		

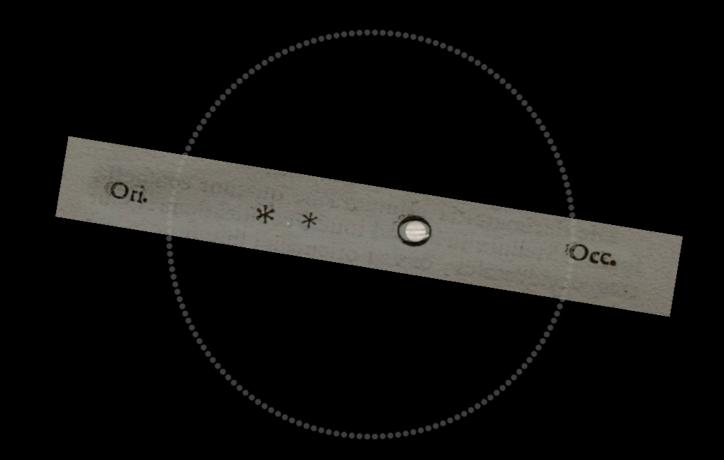
On the seventh, two stars stood near Jupiter both to the east



GALILEO GALILEI

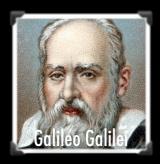


January 11, 1610









B

02

FEATURED ARTICLES 42 Comments Word Count # Unfoll Export

The "Paper" of the Future

Alyssa Goodman, Josh Peek, Alberto Accomazzi, Chris Beaumont, Christine L. Borgman, pe Chen, Merce Crosas, Christopher Erdmann, August Muench, Alberto Pepe,

☐ Re-arrange authors

demonsration of this paper is available at this YouTube link.

arch on human cognition demonstrates that humans learn and communicate best when more than one processing system (e.g. visual, auditory, touch) is used. And, related

yows that, no matter how technical the material, most humans also retain and ion best when they can put a narrative "story" to it. So, when considering the y communication, we should be careful not to do blithely away with the linear hat articles and books have followed for centuries: instead, we should enrich it.

n text is used to commuicate in Science. Figures, which include images, charts, and more, have enriched scholarly articles since the time of Galileo.

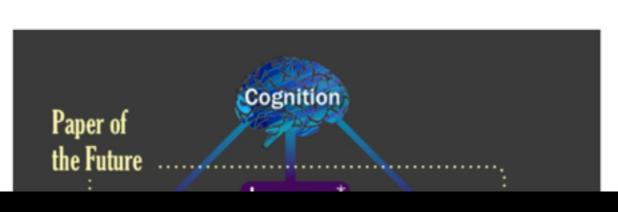
and ever-growing volumes of data underpin most scientific papers. When scientists communicate

face to face on in talks or small discussions, these figures are often the focus of the the best discussions, scientists have the ability to manipulate the figures, and to g data, in real-time, so as to test out various what-if scenarios, and to explain early. This short article explains-and shows with demonstrations-how ers" can morph into long-lasting rich records of scientific discourse, sp data and code linkages, interactive figures, audio, video, and commenting.









Konrad Hinsen 3 days ago · Public

Many good suggestions, but if the goal is "long-lasting rich records of scientific discourse", a more careful and critical attitude towards electronic artifacts is appropriate. I do see it concerning videos, but not a word on the much more critical situation in software. Archiving source code is not sufficient: all the dependencies, plus the complete build environment, would have to be conserved as well to make things work a few years from now. An "executable figure" in the form of an IPython notebook wil...

Merce Crosas 3 days ago · Public

Konrad, good points; this has been a concern for the community working on reproducibility. Regarding data repositories, Dataverse handles long-term preservation and access of data files in the following way: 1) for some data files that the repository recognizes (such as R Data, SPSS, STATA), which depend on a statistical package, the system converts them into a preservation format (such as a tab/CSV format). Even though the original format is also saved and can be accessed, the new preservation format gua...

more

Konrad Hinsen 1 day ago · Public

That sounds good. I hope more repositories will follow the example of Dataverse. Figshare in particular has a very different attitude, encouraging researchers to deposit as much as possible. That's perhaps a good strategy to change habits, but in the long run it could well backfire when people find out in a few years that 90% of those deposits have become useless.

Ē

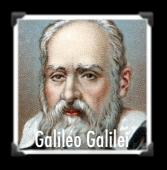
Christine L. Borgman 4 months ago - Private

"publications"





















Planet

Core

"Cloud"

GMC

Galaxy

Universe



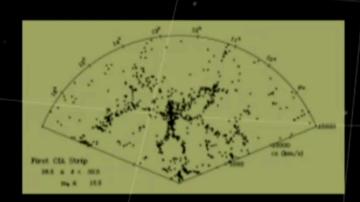






This WorldWide Telescope Tour was created to thank John Huchra (1948-2010) for the knowledge and cheer he gave us all.

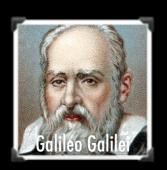




famous stickman "wedge" diagram

















Planets

Cores

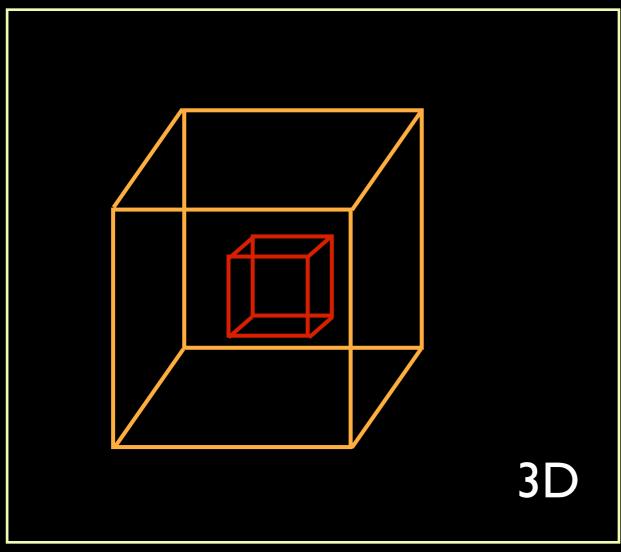
"Filaments"

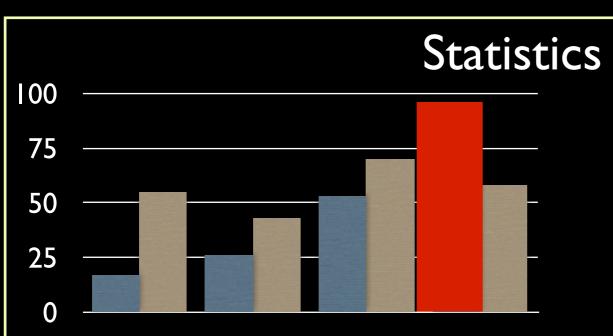
GMCs

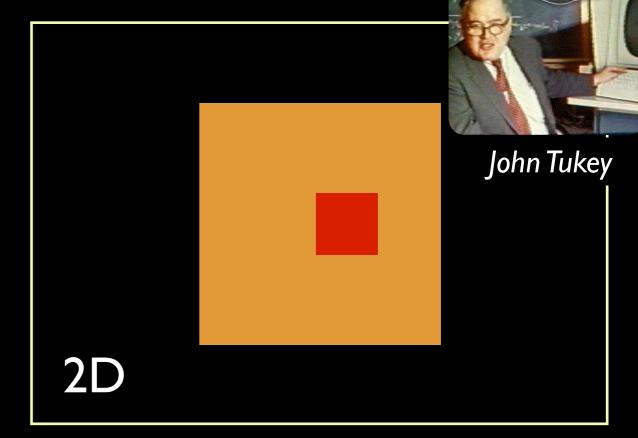
GALAXIES UNIVERSE

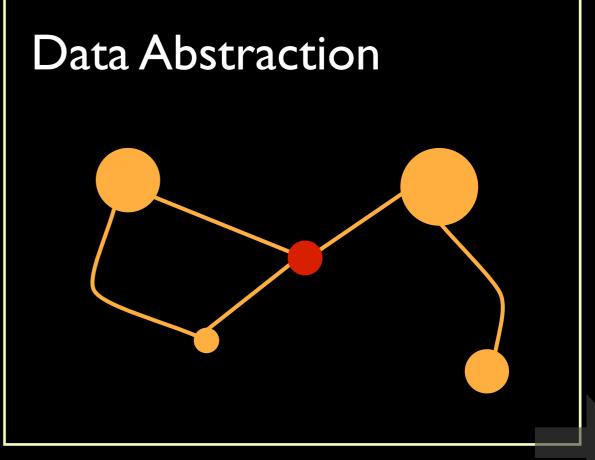


LINKED VIEWS OF HIGH-DIMENSIONAL DATA





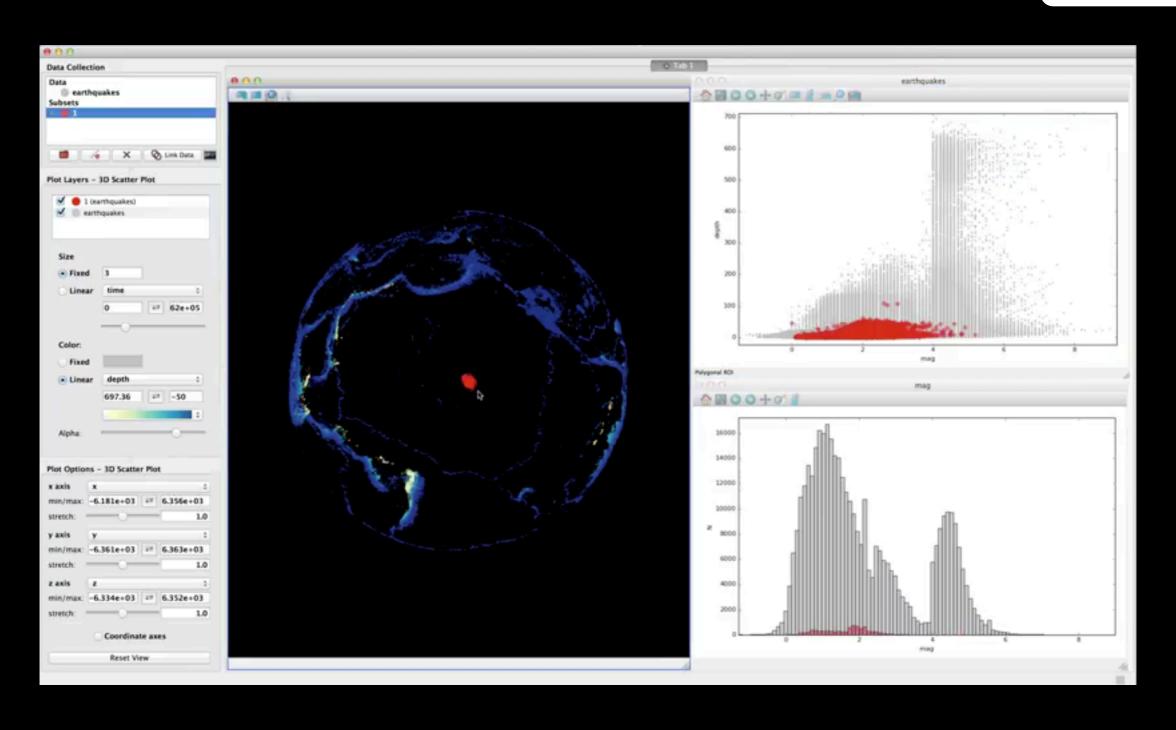




figure, by M. Borkin, reproduced from Goodman 2012, "Principles of High-Dimensional Data Visualization in Astronomy"

LINKED VIEWS OF HIGH-DIMENSIONAL DATA (IN PYTHON) GLUE



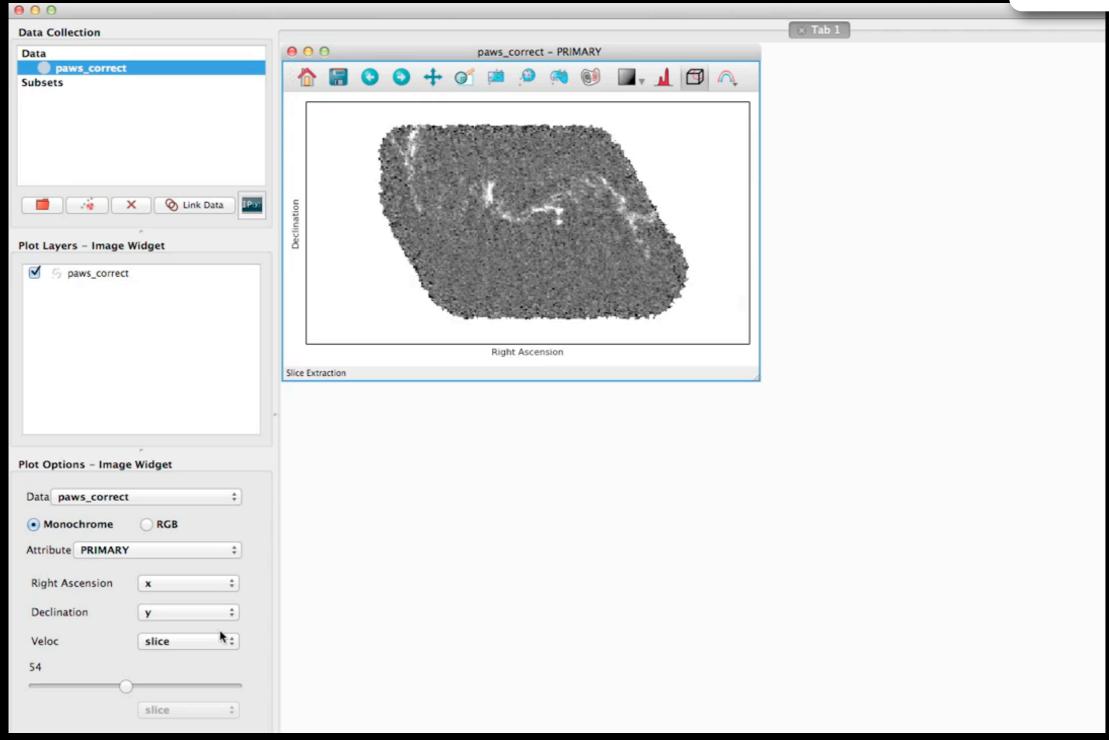


video by Tom Robitaille, lead glue developer glue created by: C. Beaumont, M. Borkin, P. Qian, T. Robitaille, M. Breddels, and A. Goodman, Pl

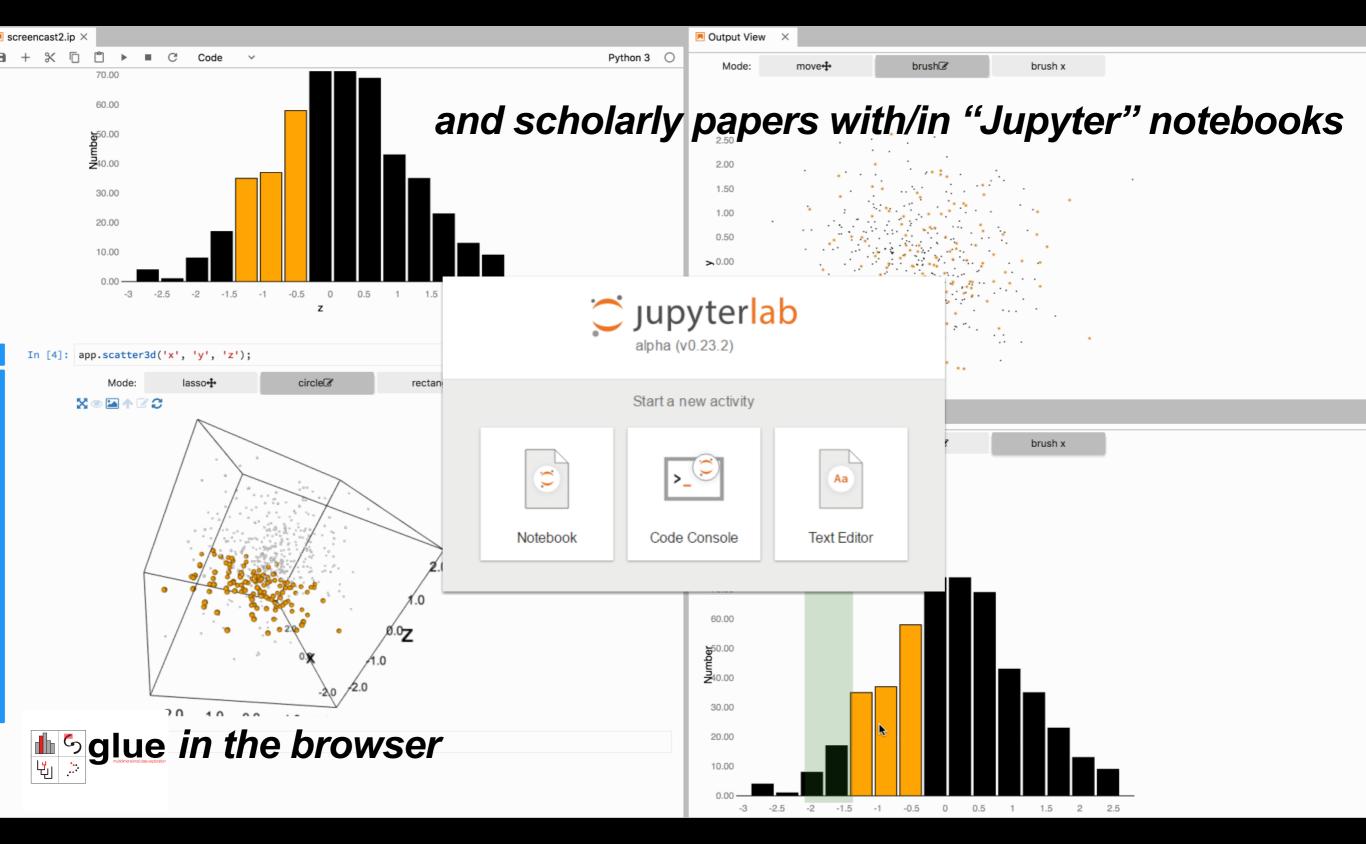
LINKED VIEWS OF HIGH-DIMENSIONAL DATA (IN PYTHON)

GLUE

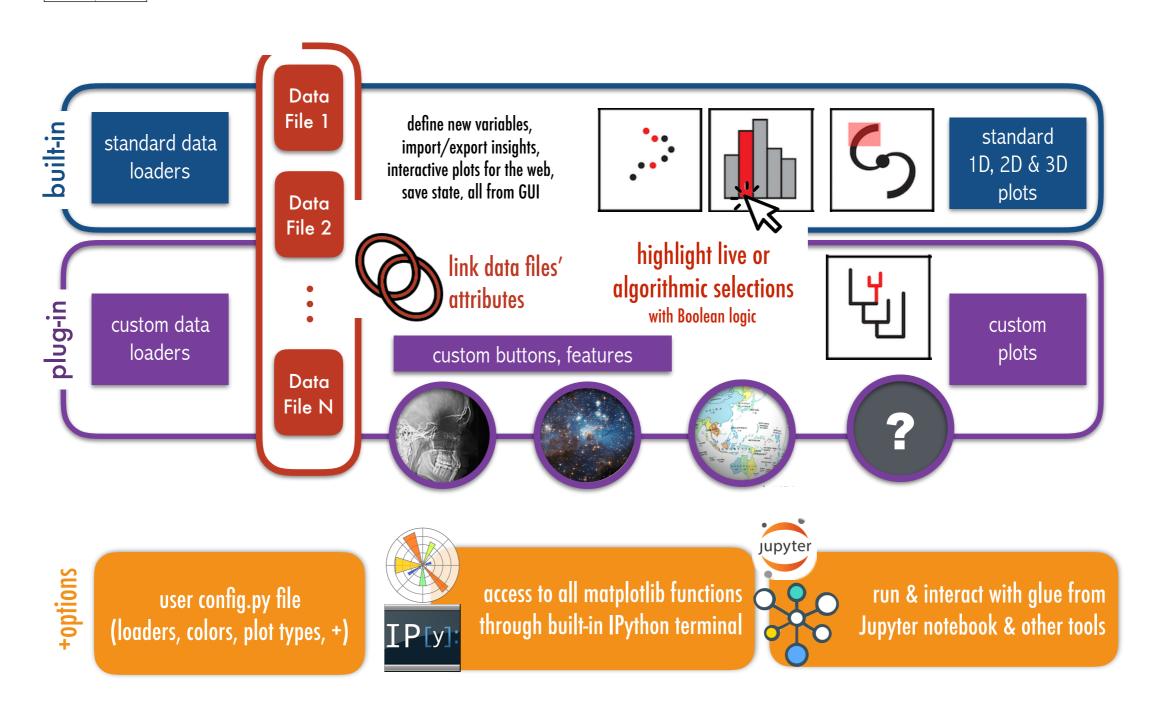




SNEAK PREVIEW: GLUE IN THE BROWSER (FALL 2018)

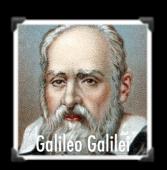






















Planets

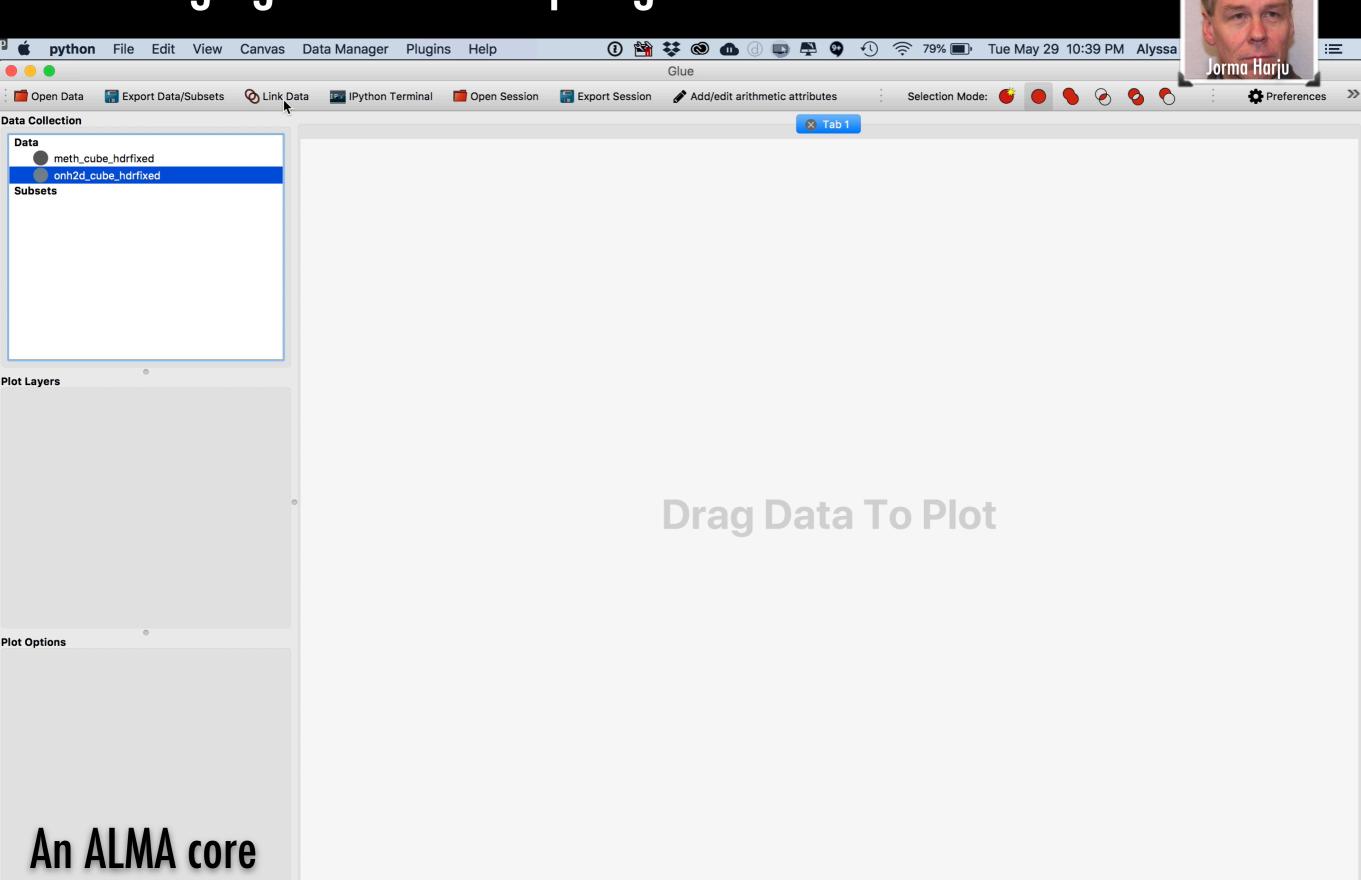
Cores

"Filaments"

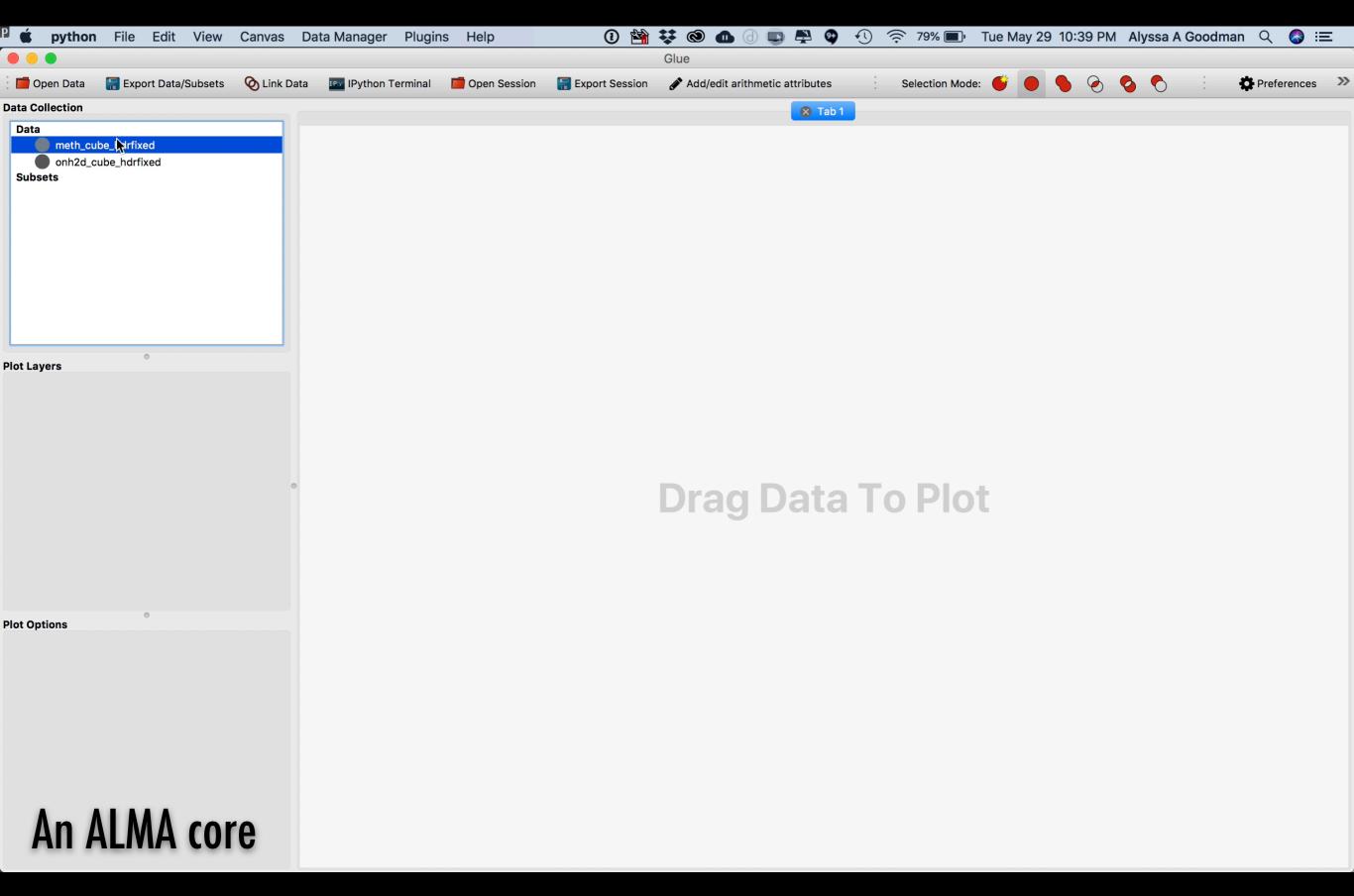
GMCs

GALAXIES UNIVERSE

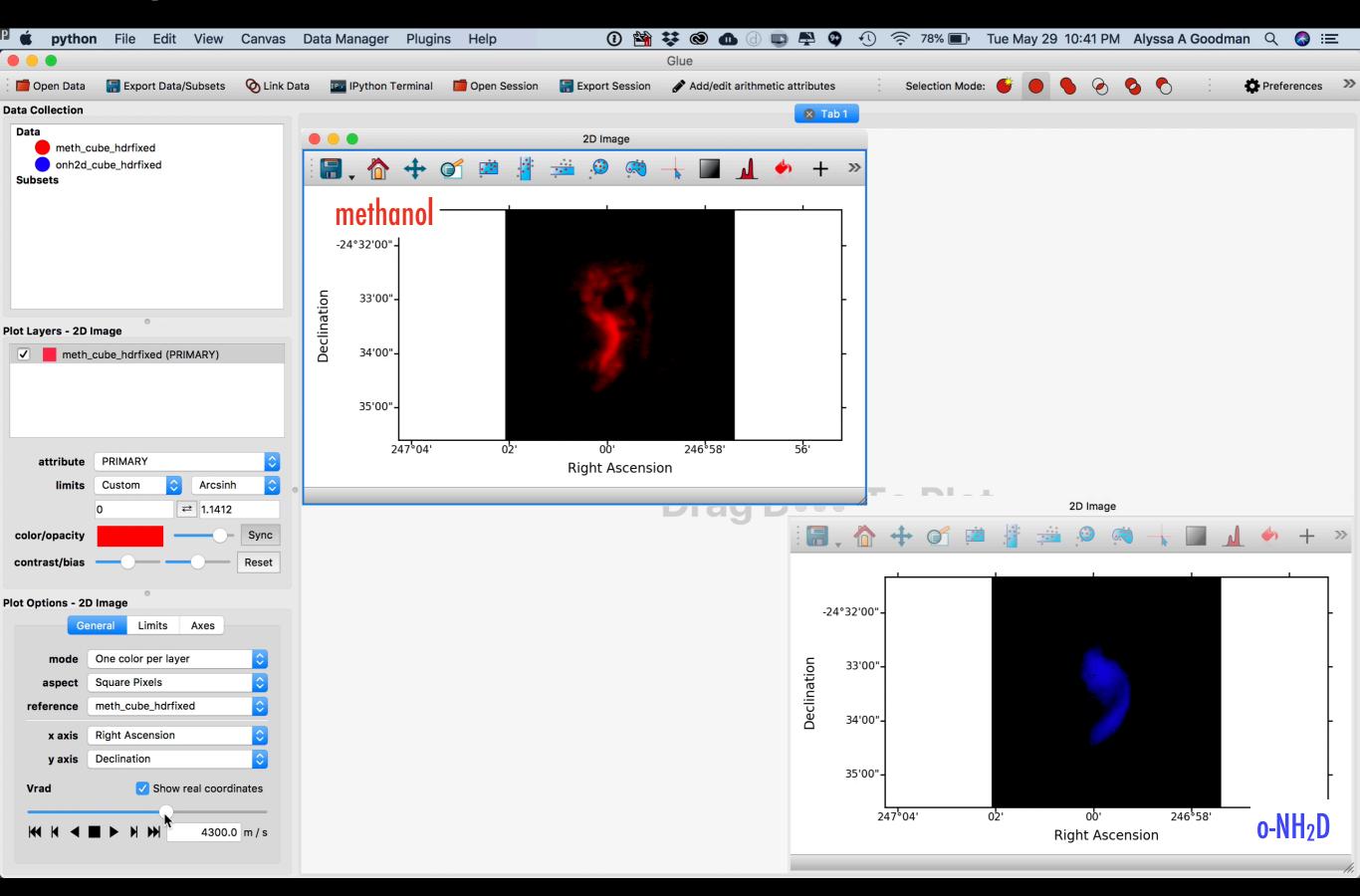
No merging of data sets—just glue them.



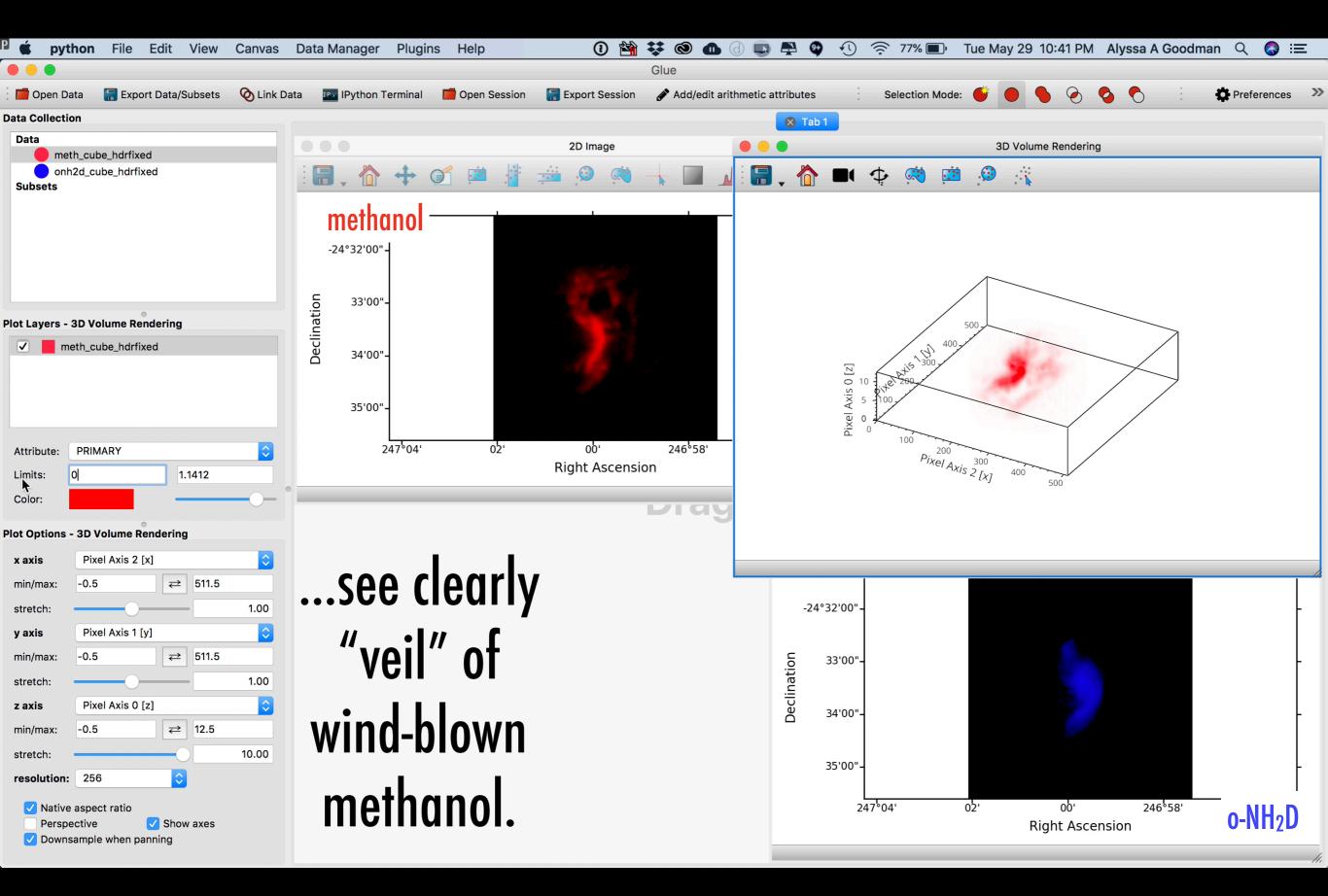
Just drag to visualize, e.g. series of 2D "channel maps."



Adjust so each tracer is a different color.

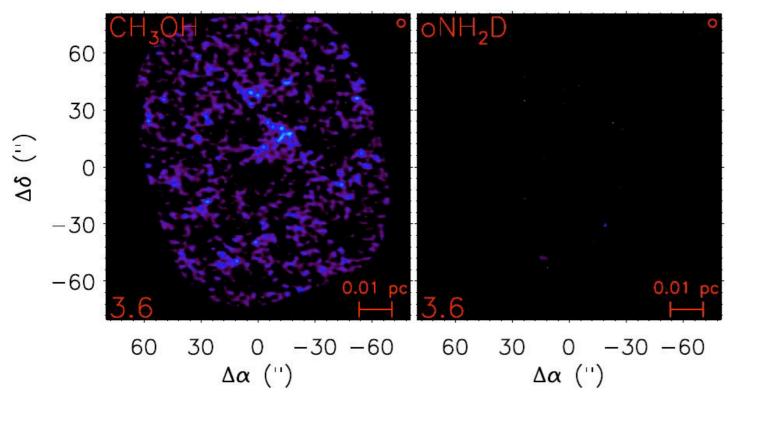


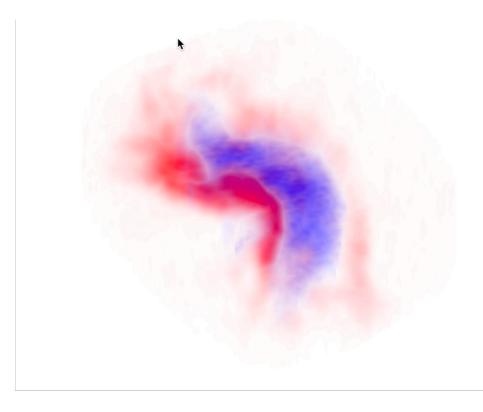
Create 3D views...



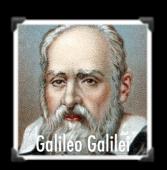
Traditional Rainbow Channel maps

glue



















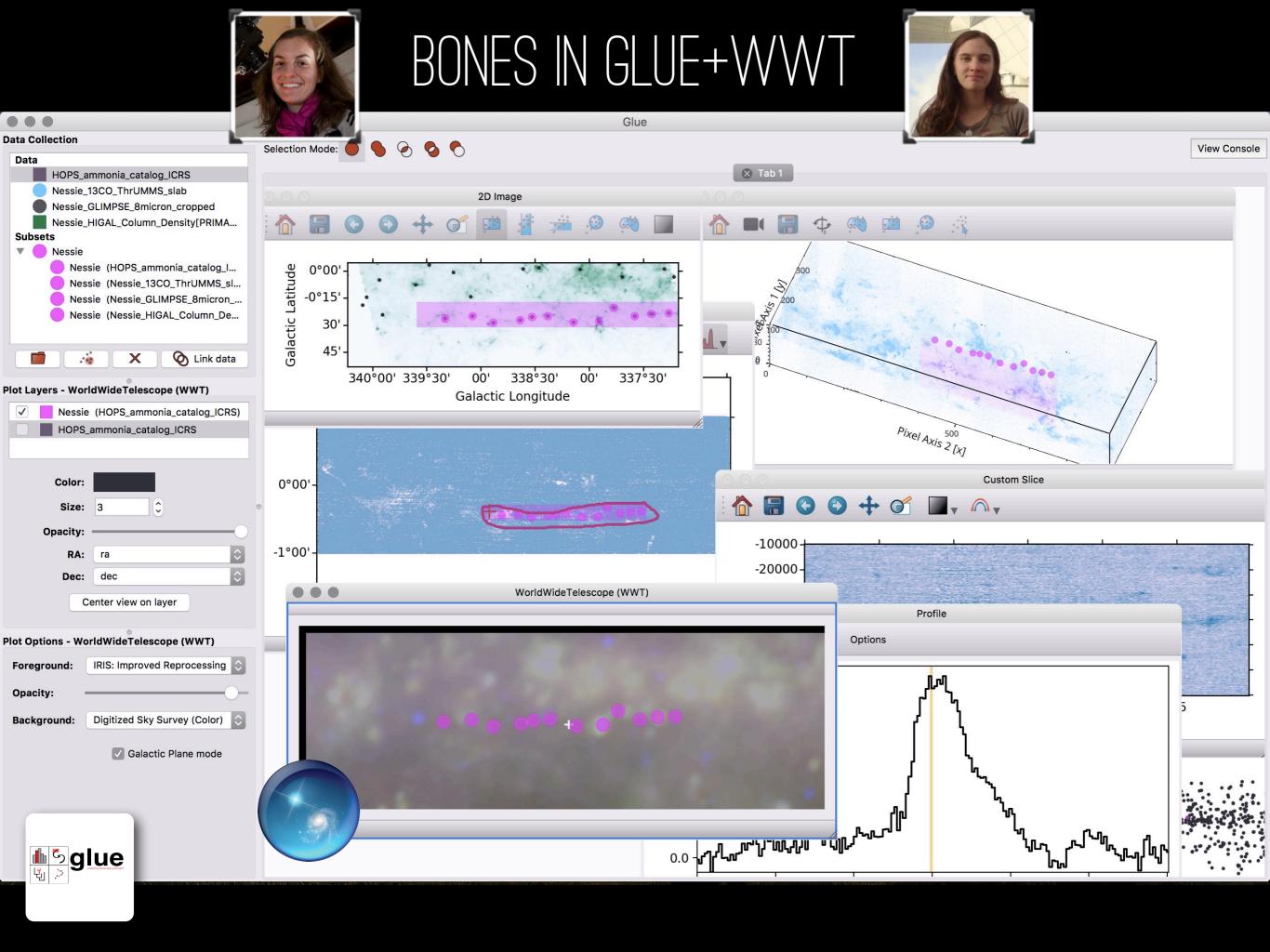
Planets

Cores

"Filaments"

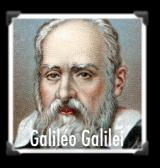
GMCs

GALAXIES UNIVERSE



















Planet

Core

"Cloud"

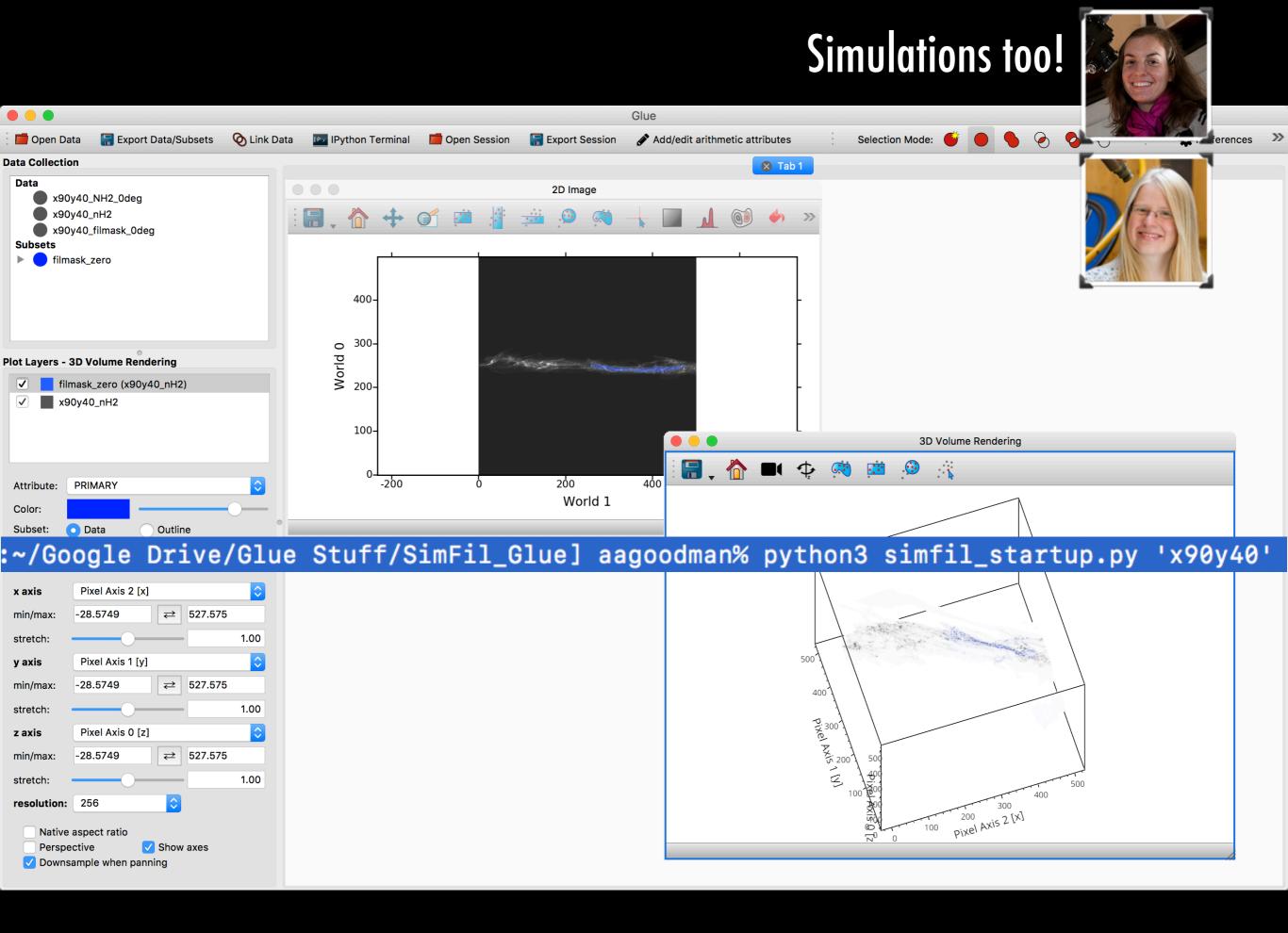
GMC

Galaxy

Universe

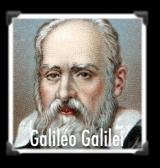


Simulations too!



















Planet

Core

"Cloud"

GMC

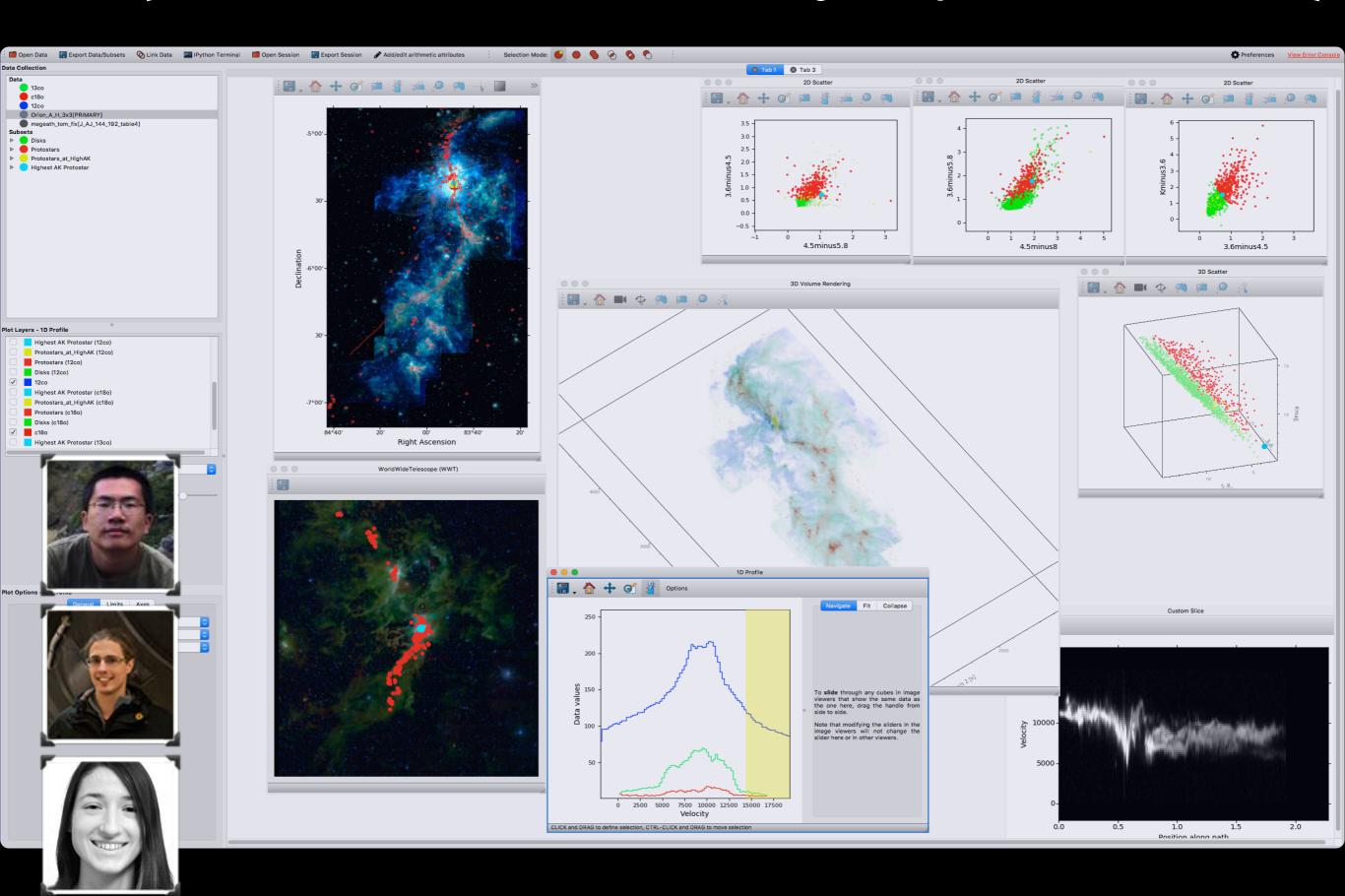
Galaxy

Universe

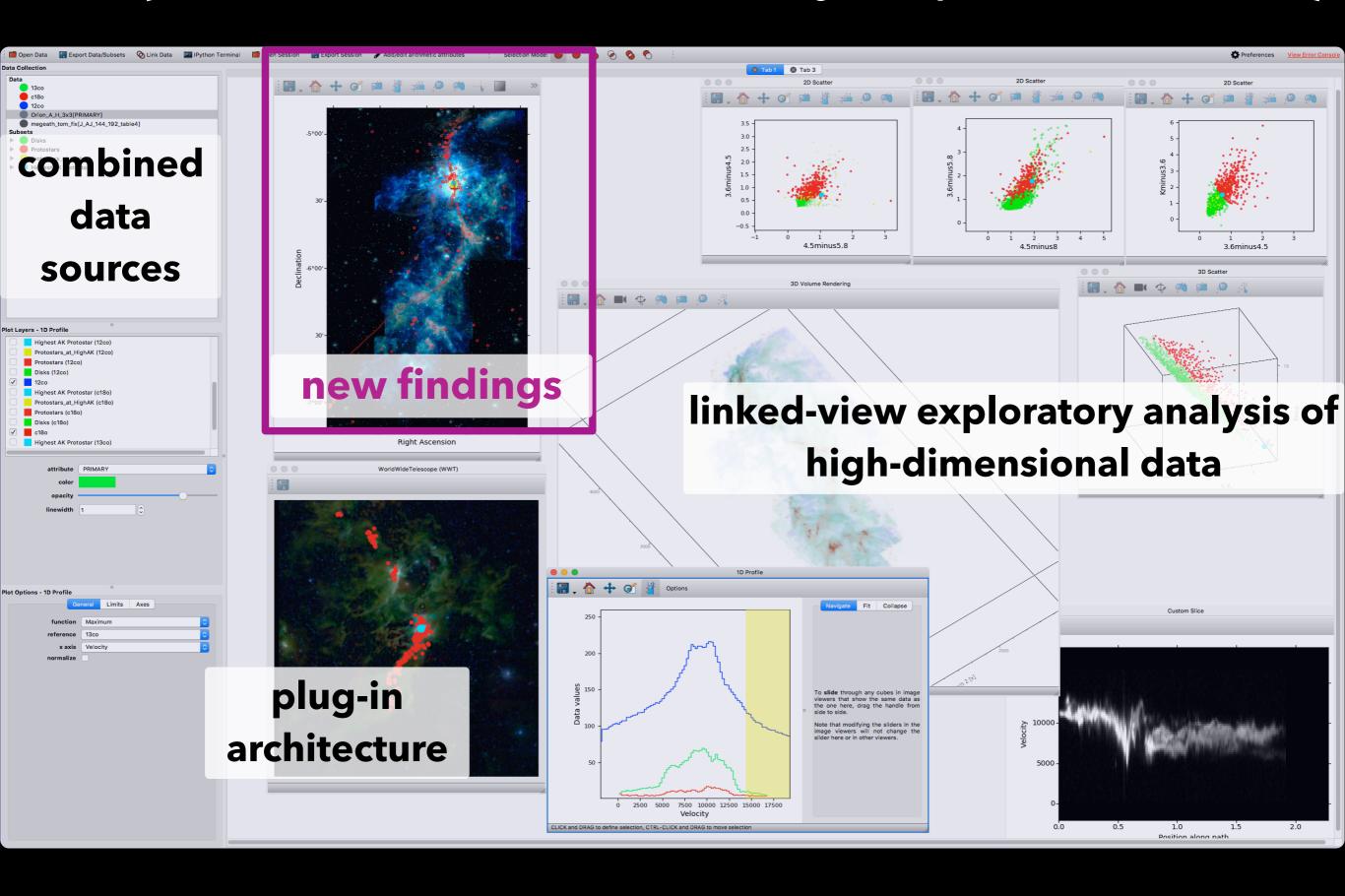


Simulations too!

GMC (Orion NRO+CARMA with VISION with Megeath Spitzer with Gaia with...)



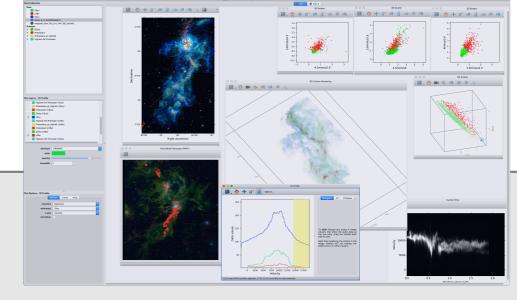
GMC (Orion NRO+CARMA with VISION with Megeath Spitzer with Gaia with...)



Preview

New Thinking on, and with, Data Visualization

Alyssa A. Goodman, Michelle A. Borkin, Thomas P. Robitaille



As the complexity and volume of datasets have increased along with the capabilities of modular, open-source, easy-to-implement, visualization tools, scientists' need for, and appreciation of, data visualization has risen too. Until recently, scientists thought of the "explanatory" graphics created at a research project's conclusion as "pretty pictures" needed only for journal publication or public outreach. The plots and displays produced during a research project – often intended only for experts – were thought of as a separate category, what we here call "exploratory" visualization. In this view, discovery comes from exploratory visualization, and explanatory visualization is just for communication. Our aim in this paper is to spark conversation amongst scientists, computer scientists, outreach professionals, educators, and graphics and perception experts about how to foster flexible data visualization practices that can facilitate discovery and communication at the same time. We present an example of a new finding made using the glue visualization environment to demonstrate how the border between explanatory and exploratory visualization is easily traversed. The linked-view principles as well as the actual code in glue are easily adapted to astronomy, medicine, and geographical information science – all fields where combining, visualizing, and analyzing several high-dimensional datasets yields insight. Whether or not scientists can use such a flexible "undisciplined" environment to its fullest potential without special training remains to be seen. We conclude with suggestions for improving the training of scientists in visualization practices, and of computer scientists in the iterative, non-workflow-like, ways in which modern science is carried out.

Comments: Submitted as an invited "Perspectives" Paper for PNAS, in conjunction with the 2018 Sackler Colloquium

License: http://arxiv.org/licenses/nonexclusive-distrib/1.0/

Categories

Primary: Instrumentation and Methods for Astrophysics (astro-ph.IM)

Cross lists: Astrophysics Onstrumentation and Methods for Astrophysics Onstrumentation and Methods for Astrophysics

This article is currently submitted.







View Article



10QViz.org

TEN QUESTIONS TO ASK WHEN CREATING A VISUALIZATION

The 10 Questions

- 1. **Who** | Who is your audience? How expert will they be about the subject and/or display conventions?
- 2. **Explore-Explain** | Is your goal to explore, document, or explain your data or ideas, or a combination of these?
- 3. Categories | Do you want to show or explore pre-existing, known, human-interpretable, categories?
- 4. **Patterns** | Do you want to identify new, previously unknown or undefined patterns?
- 5. **Predictions & Uncertainty** | Are you making a comparison between data and/or predictions? Is representing uncertainty a concern?
- **Dimensions** | What is the intrinsic number of dimensions (not necessarily spatial) in your data, and how many do you want to show at once?
- 7. **Abstraction & Accuracy** | Do you need to show all the data, or is summary or abstraction OK?
- 8. **Context & Scale** | Can you, and do you want to, put the data into a standard frame of reference, coordinate system, or show scale(s)?
- 9. **Metadata** | Do you need to display or link to non-quantitative metadata? (including captions, labels, etc.)
- 10. **Display Modes** | What display modes might be used in experiencing your display?



Join the 10QViz Conversation!



To learn more about this site, please visit the **About** page.

To read an in-process manuscript giving the scholarship behind the recommendations on this site, see Coltekin & Goodman 2018.



COLLABORATION EXPLANATORY VISUALIZATION Q 호 ## ## YouTube citizen science public outreach scholarly publication shared data + 0 = 2 = 0 = 1 ■. ☆ + σ = 2 ± 0 m ■. ☆ + σ = 2 ± 0 m ■. ☆ + σ = 2 ± 0 m combined matpl&tlib data sources Astropy open source, new findings 🖣 modular, linked-view exploratory analysis of software high-dimensional data ♠ 5 glue ····· Ⅲ. ☆ + ♂ ▮ ⊶ To allide through any cubes in image viscours that show the same date as the sine here, drag the handle from side to side. plug-in Note that modifying the aliders in the image viewers will not change the slider have or in other viewers.

architecture

collaborative

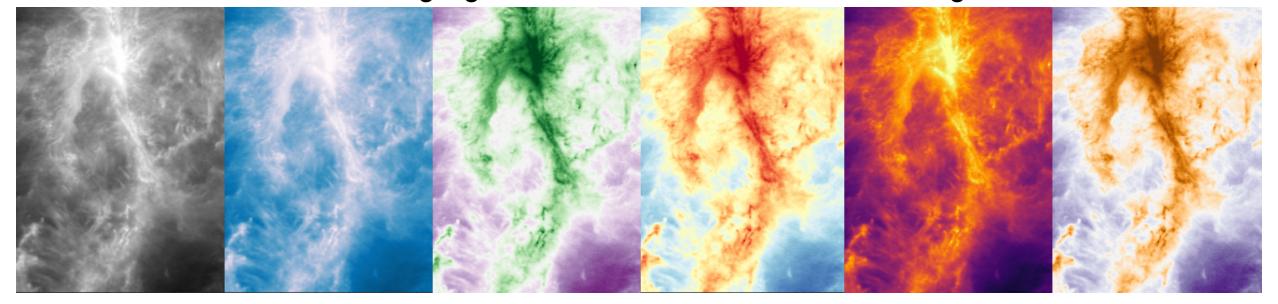
software

development

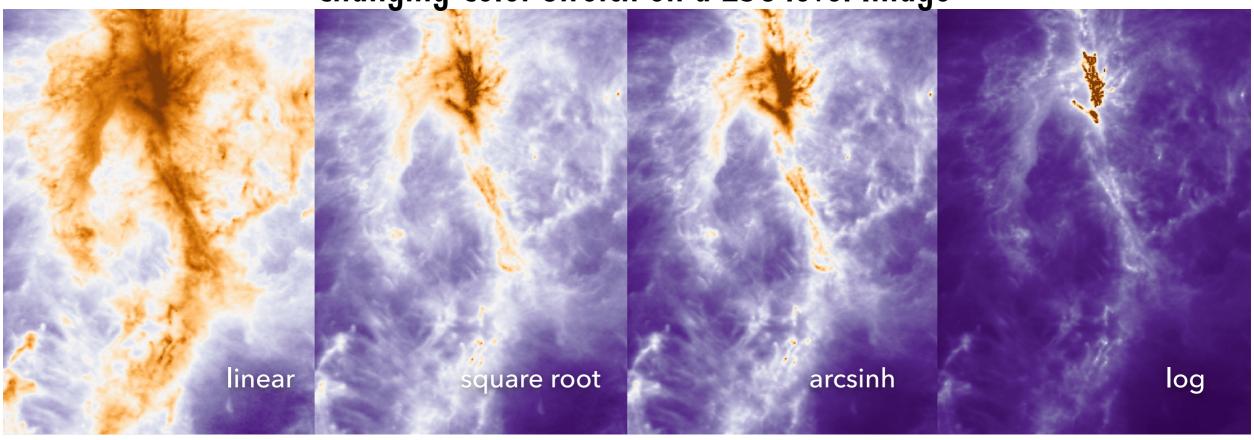
EXPLORATORY VISUALIZATION

DIMENSIONALITY AND COLOR

Changing Color Palette on a 256-level Image

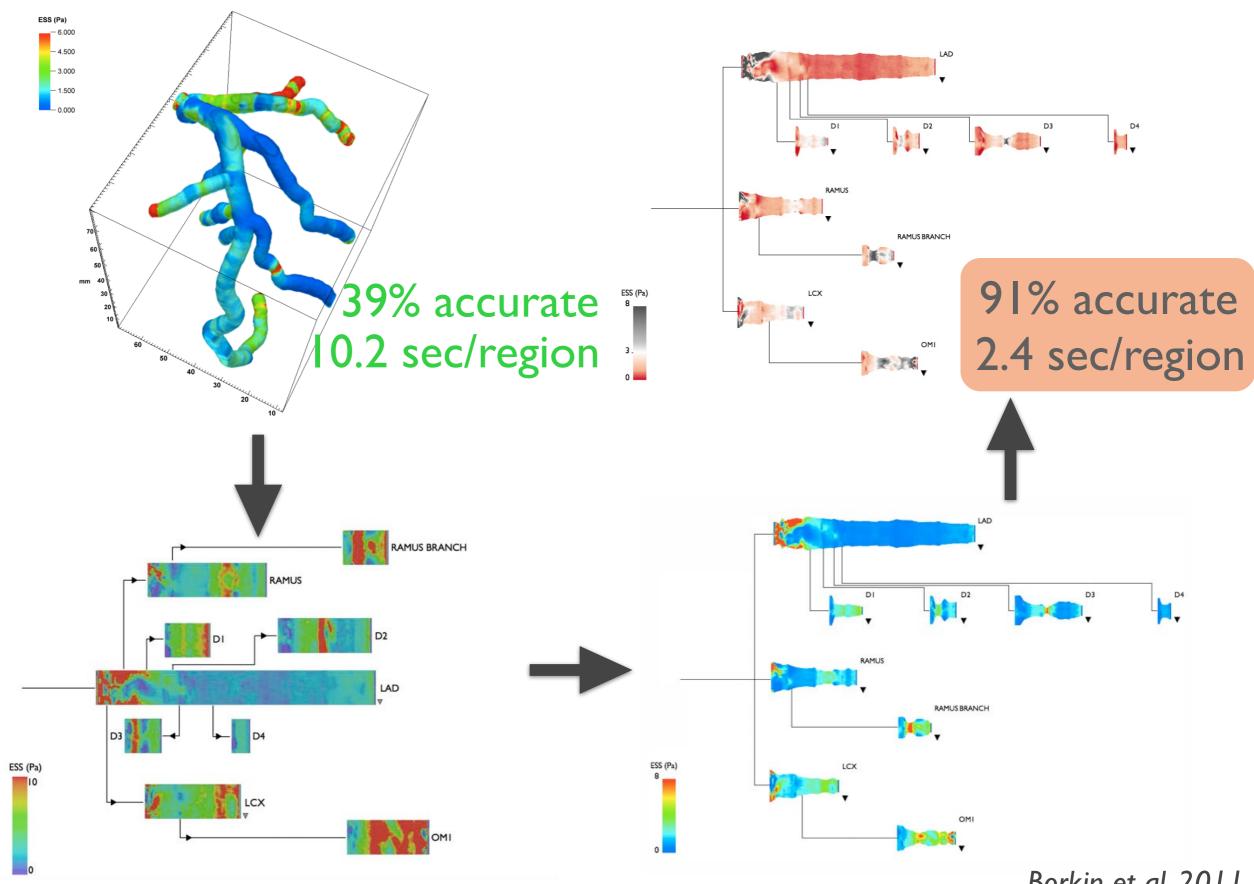


Changing Color Stretch on a 256-level Image



Orion data from the Herschel Space Telescope | #OrioninManyColors

DIMENSIONALITY AND COLOR



Borkin et al. 2011 cf. colorbrewer2.org