



Polarimetry with the SMA

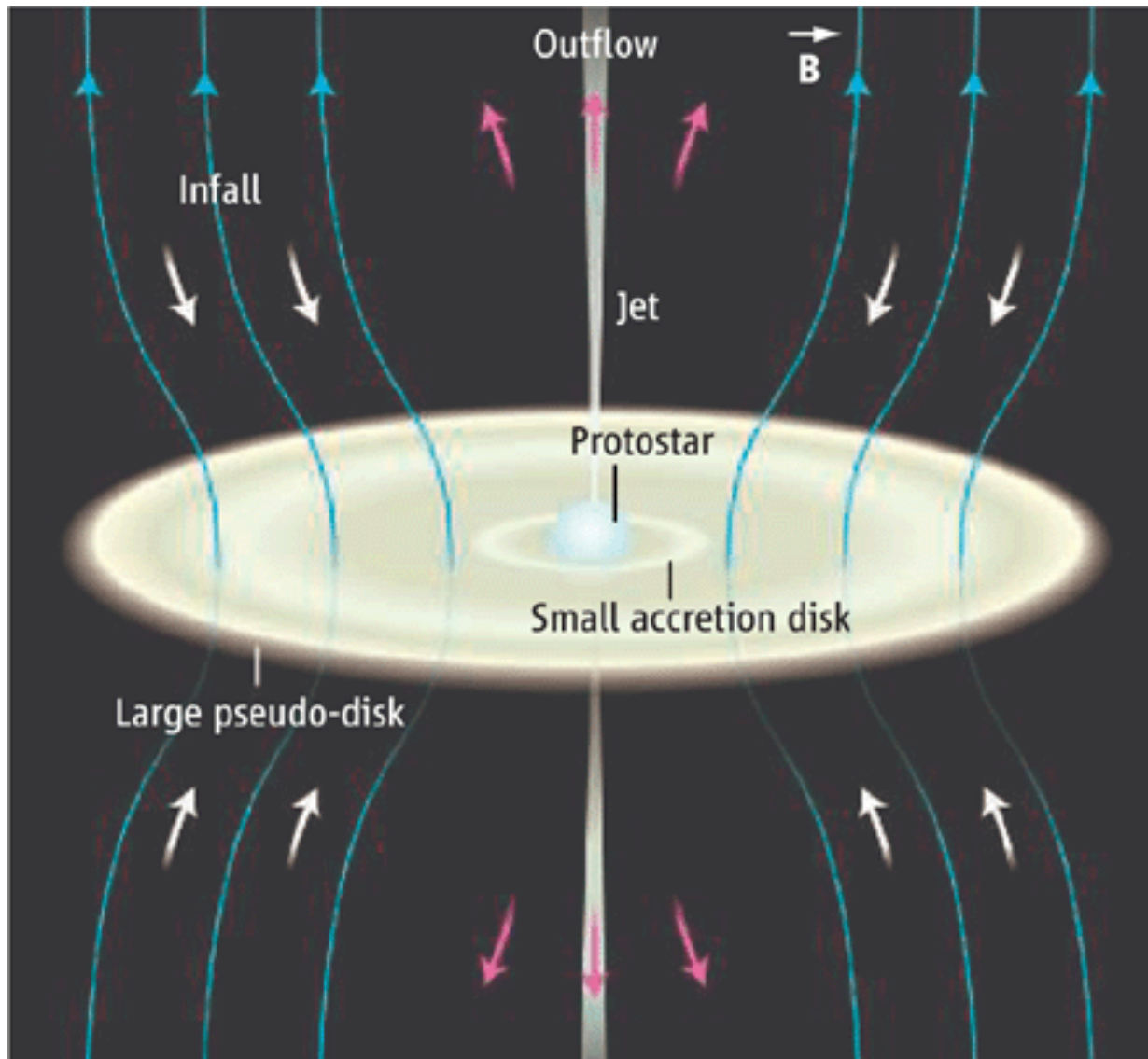
Do magnetic fields play a role in the
star formation process?

R. Rao, J.M. Girart, D.P. Marrone, T.K.Sridharan, Y.Tang, S.P. Lai ., V. Chen, C. Brogan,
B. Matthews, L. Greenhill, & others...



Science

- Role of magnetic fields - cloud support, ambipolar diffusion, angular momentum, fragmentation, turbulence, accretion
- Grain properties (sizes and shapes) and alignment mechanisms (classical DG + modifications, radiative torques)
- Use dust polarization to study magnetic fields



Crutcher (2006), *Science*, 313, 771



Advantages of Submm Polarimetry

- Single dish measurements (CSO, JCMT) - resolution (10") is low but good sensitivity
- Interferometer array observations (OVRO, BIMA) improve resolution but inadequate sensitivity but CARMA will be useful.
- **SMA is an important instrument - Improves resolution AND sensitivity**



SMA Polarization Hardware



- SMA receivers are currently single polarization X,Y
- QWP converts linear to circular pol. $X,Y \Rightarrow L,R$
- Time multiplex using Walsh switching
- Average to get quasi-simultaneous dual-pol
- Future dual pol receiver conversion is in progress

Marrone 2006 Ph.D. Thesis

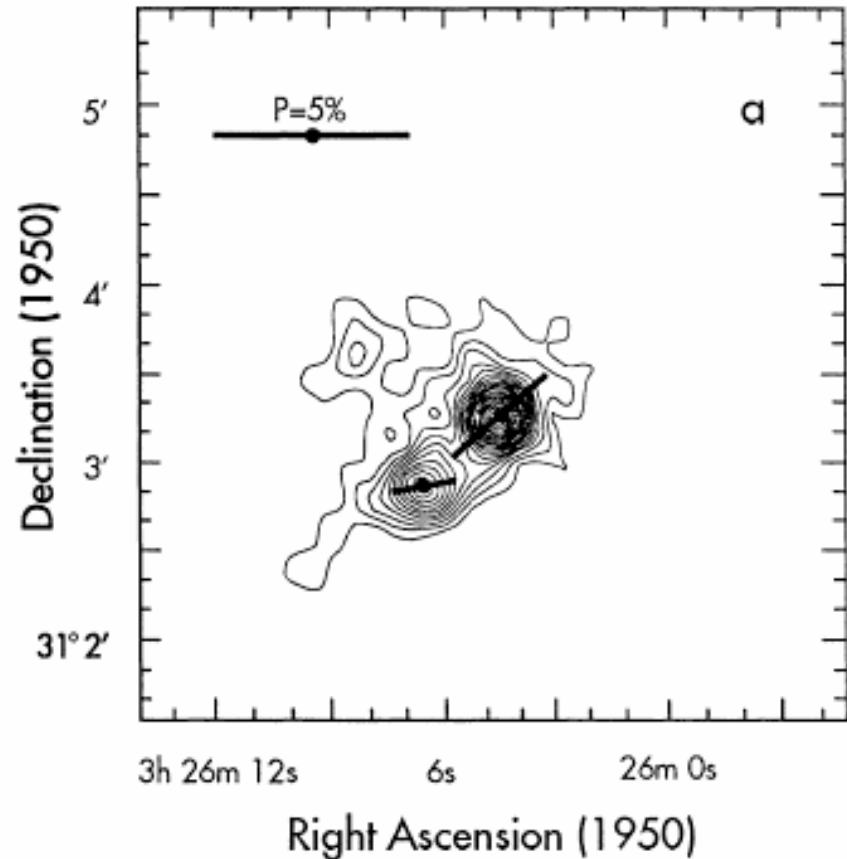


NGC 1333 IRAS 4A/B (JCMT)

Low mass
Class0 protostar
in Perseus cloud (300AU)

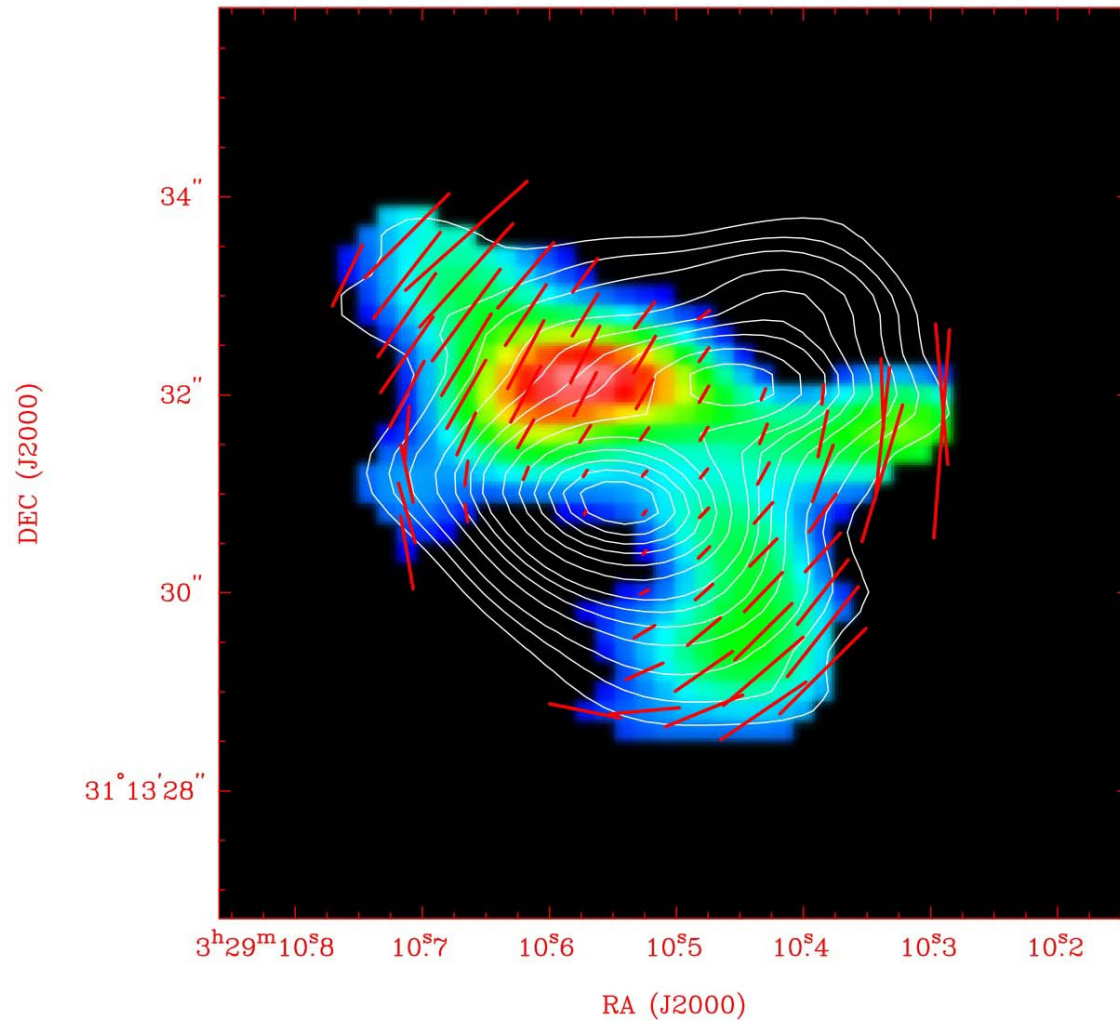
Minchin, Sandell
and Murray 1995

JCMT 800 micron
14 arcsec





NGC 1333 IRAS 4A (SMA)



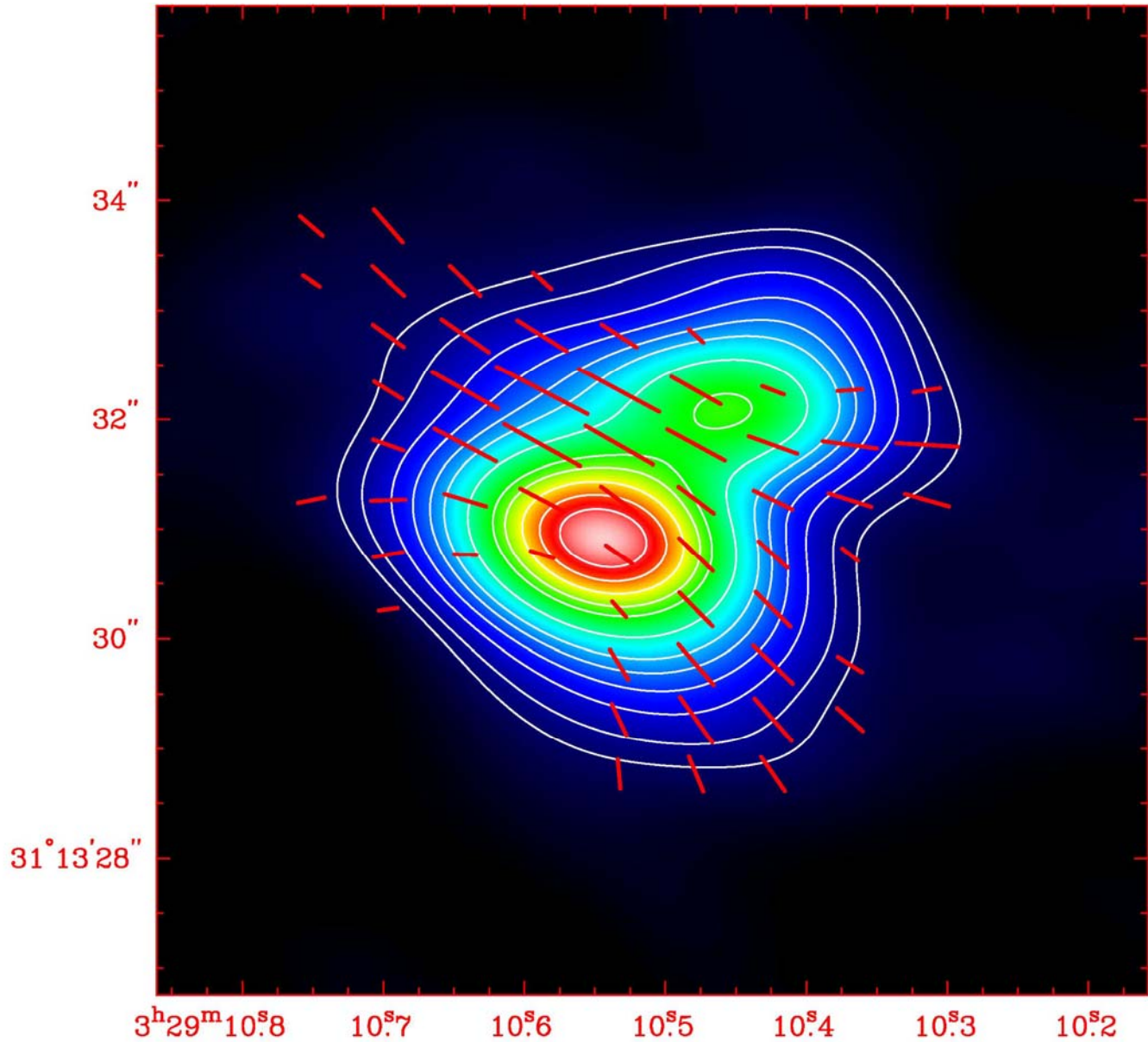
Girart, Rao, & Marrone (2006), *Science*, 313, 812

Sep 4-5, 2007

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DEC (J2000)



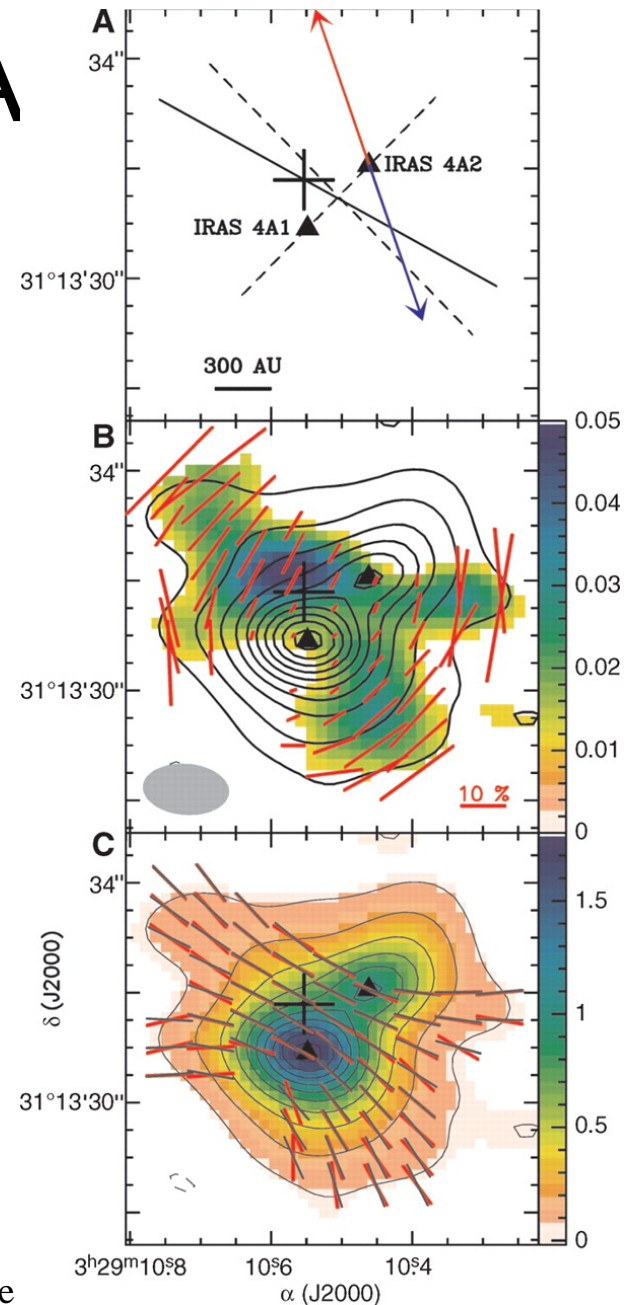
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RA (J2000)
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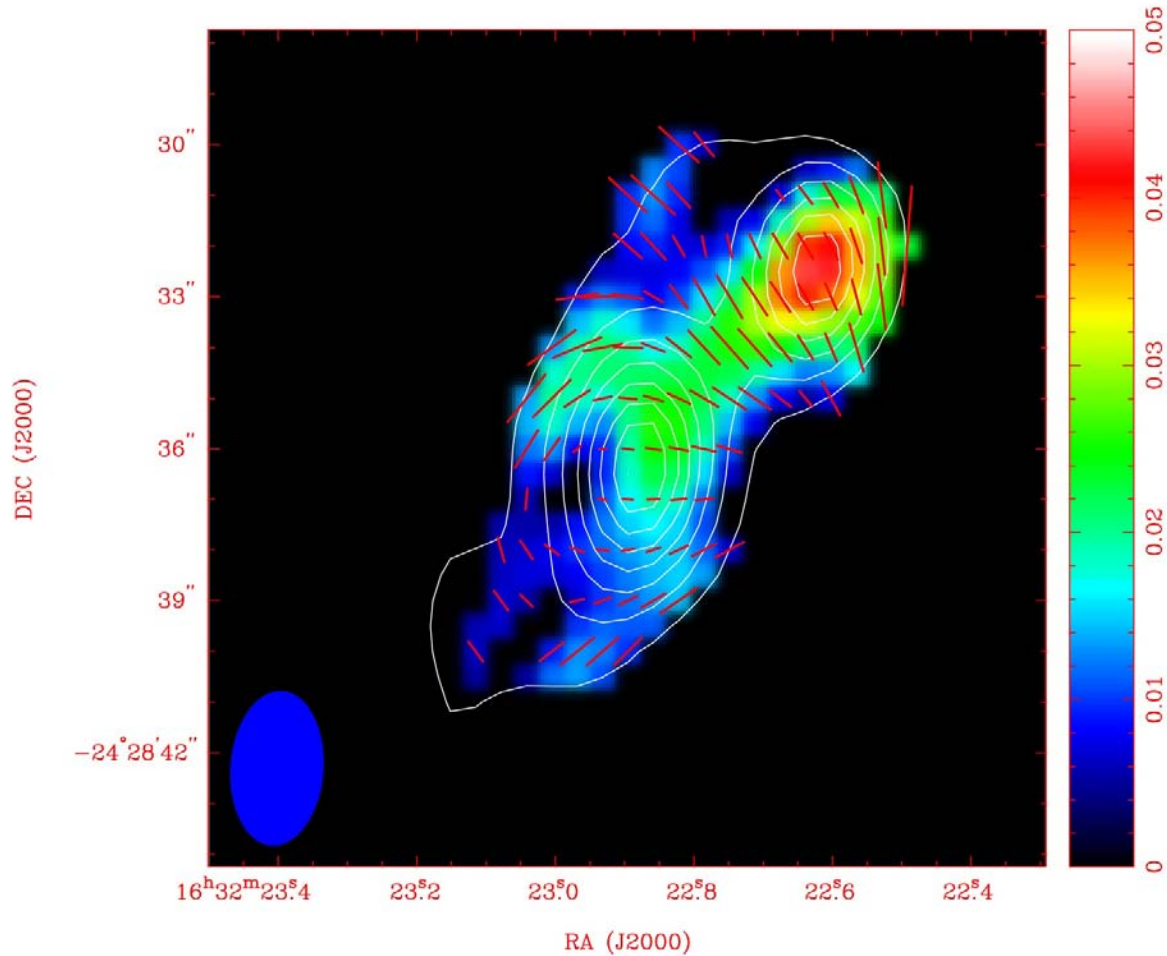
B-Fields in IRAS4A

- Predicted hourglass pinch is clearly seen
- Fit parabolic curves to B-field position angles (PA)
- Estimate strength of B-field from PA residuals and velocity dispersion (Chandrasekhar-Fermi method)
- $B \sim 5\text{mG}$
- Axes misalignment between cloud/B-field/outflow
- Fragmentation?





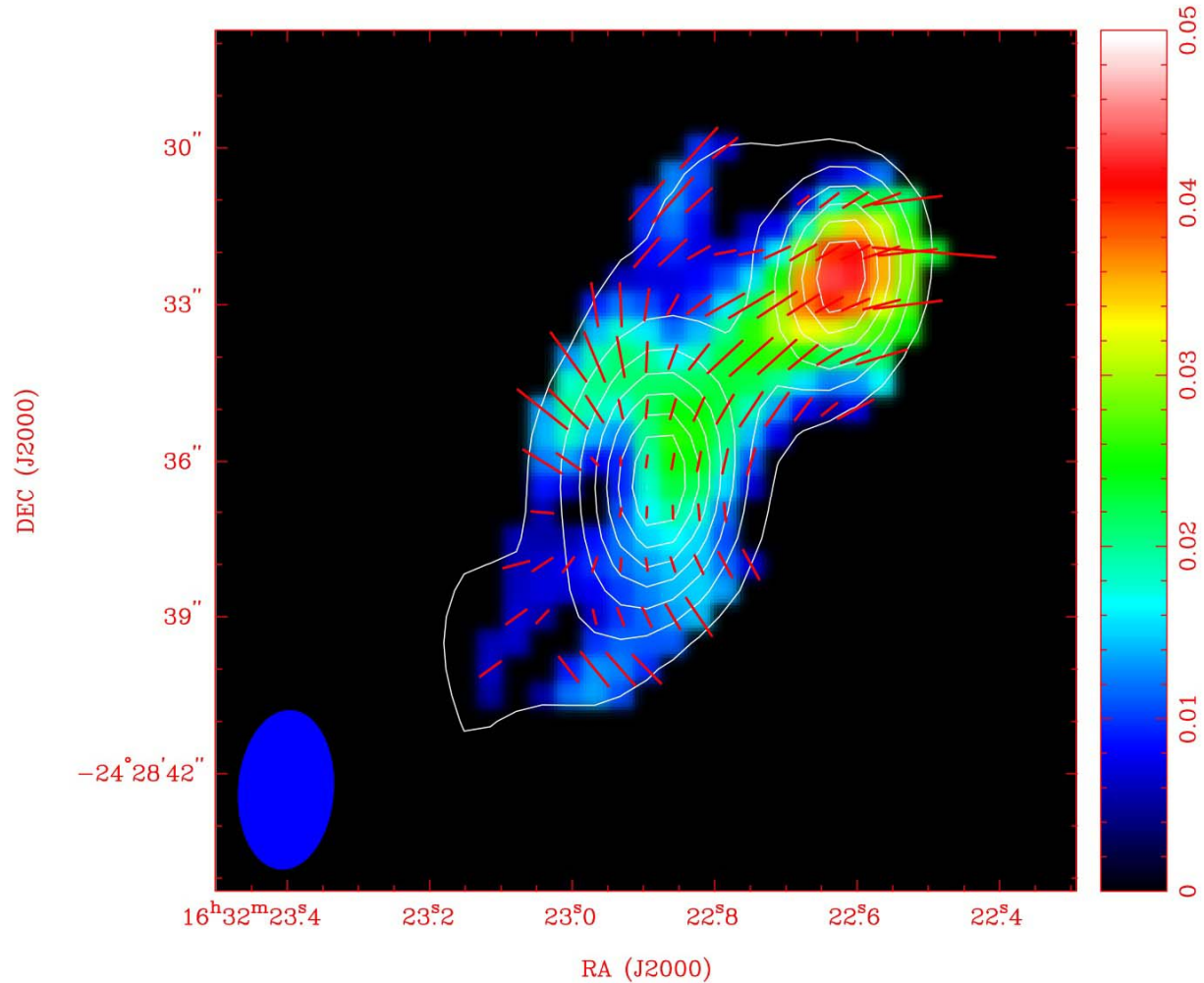
IRAS16293: Polarization



Rao et al.



IRAS16293: Magnetic Field



Rao et al.

Sep 4-5, 2007

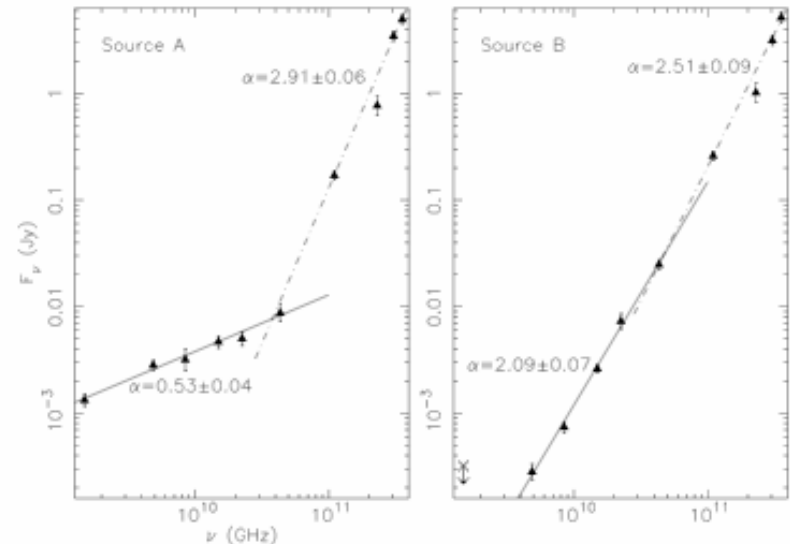
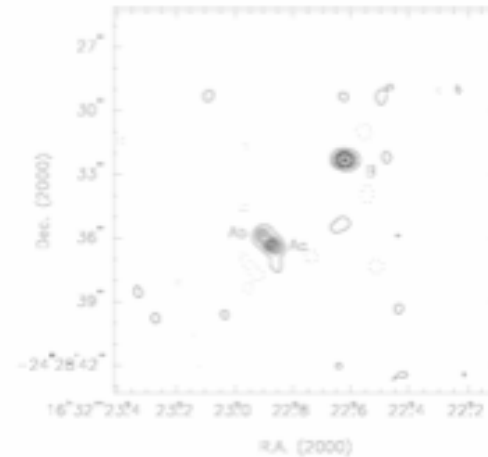
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IRAS16293: A and B

- Source A shows multiplicity
- A and B have different spectral indices
- Molecular outflows seem to be associated with Source A
- A and B thus appear to be at different evolutionary stages
- The magnetic field information shows that A is certainly more evolved
- Further analysis is still ongoing...

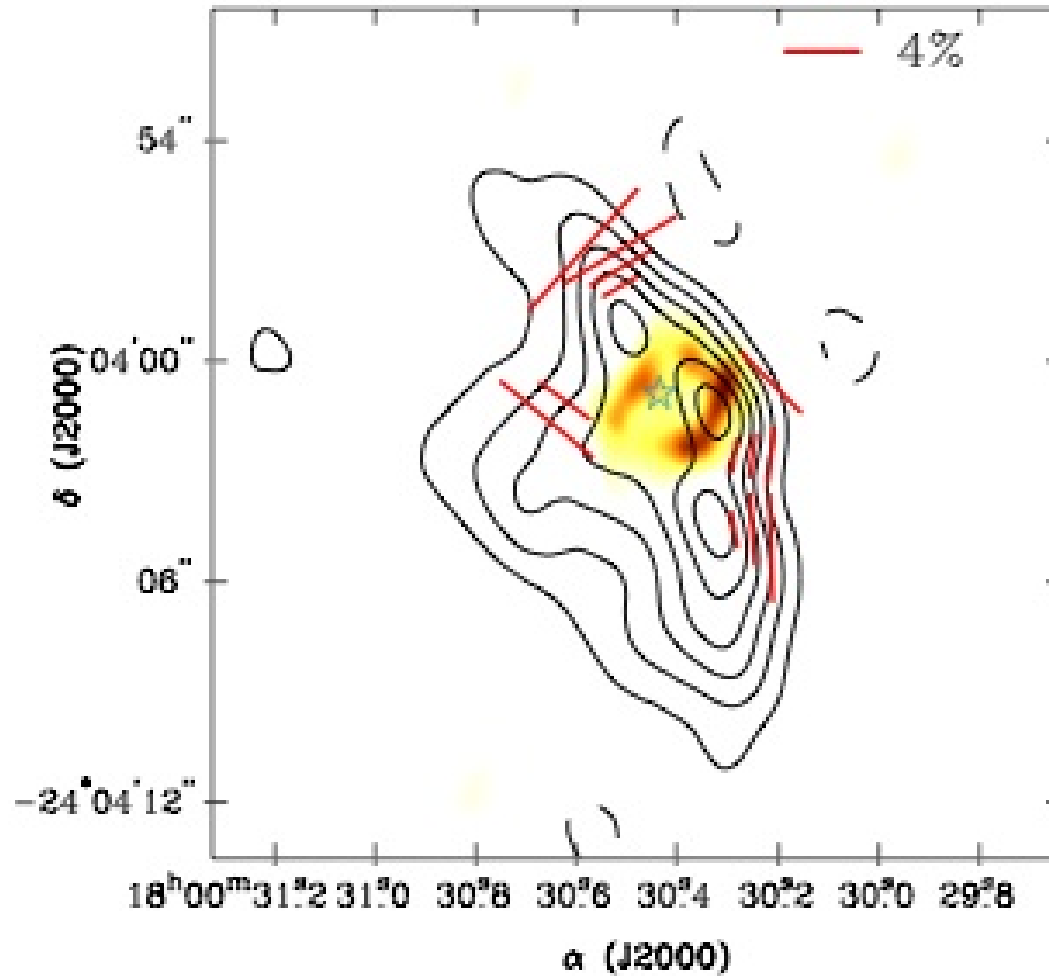
Chandler et al. 2005





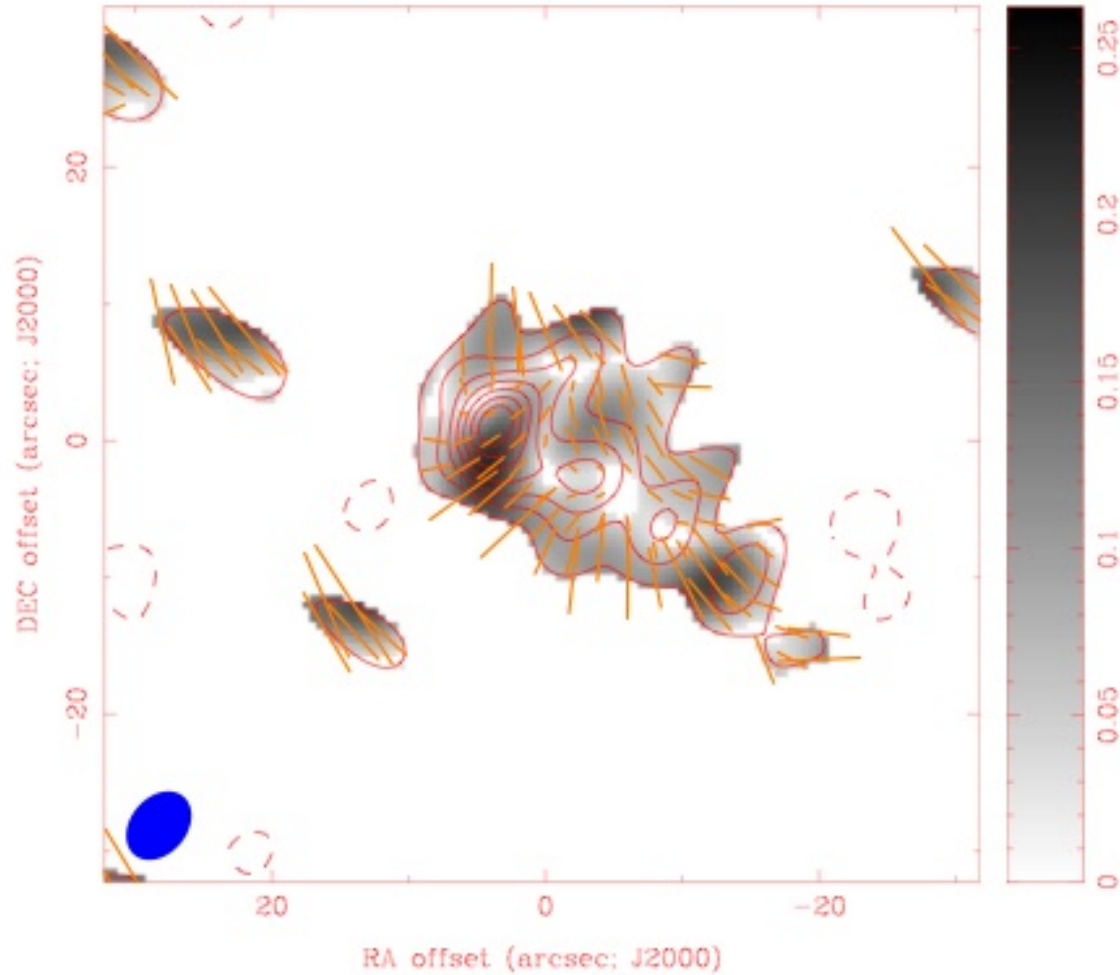
G5.89

Tang et al.





G30.79 FIR10



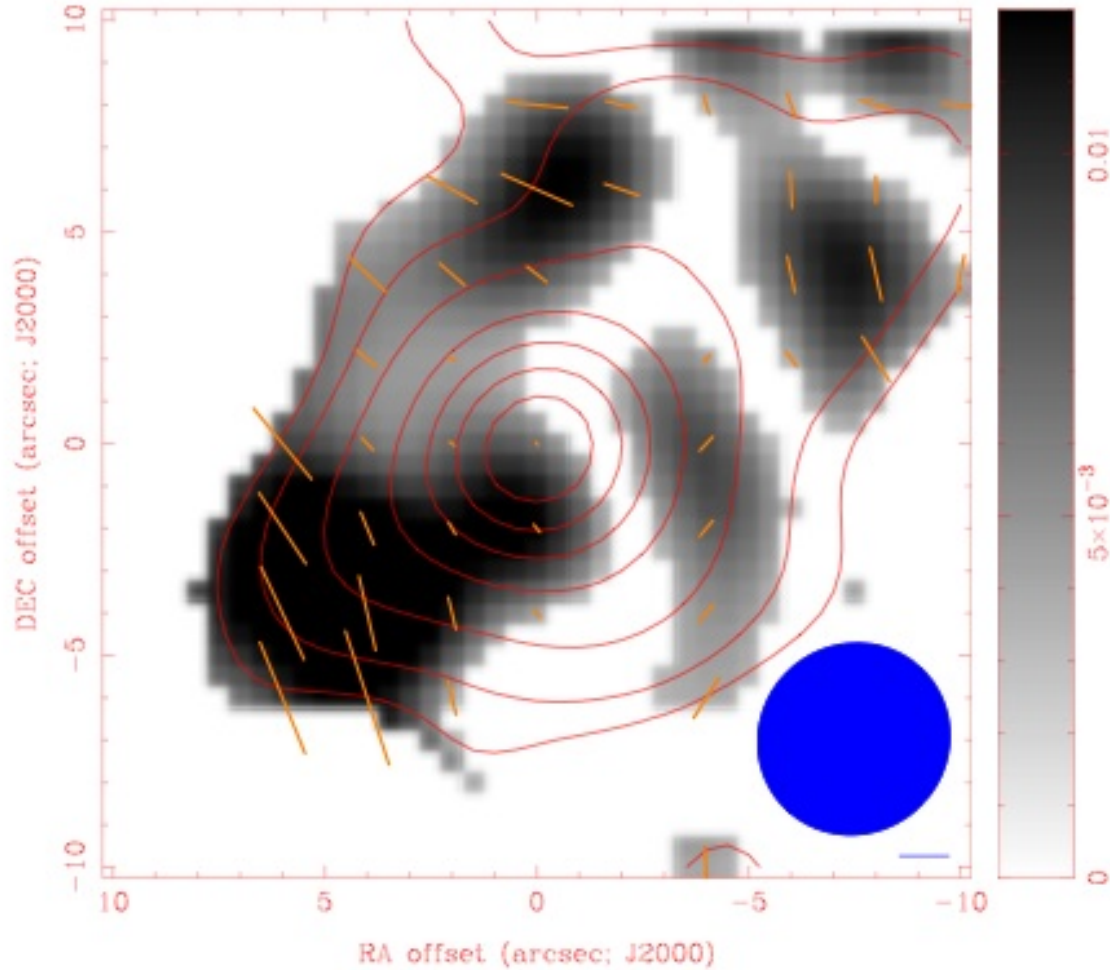
Sridharan et al.

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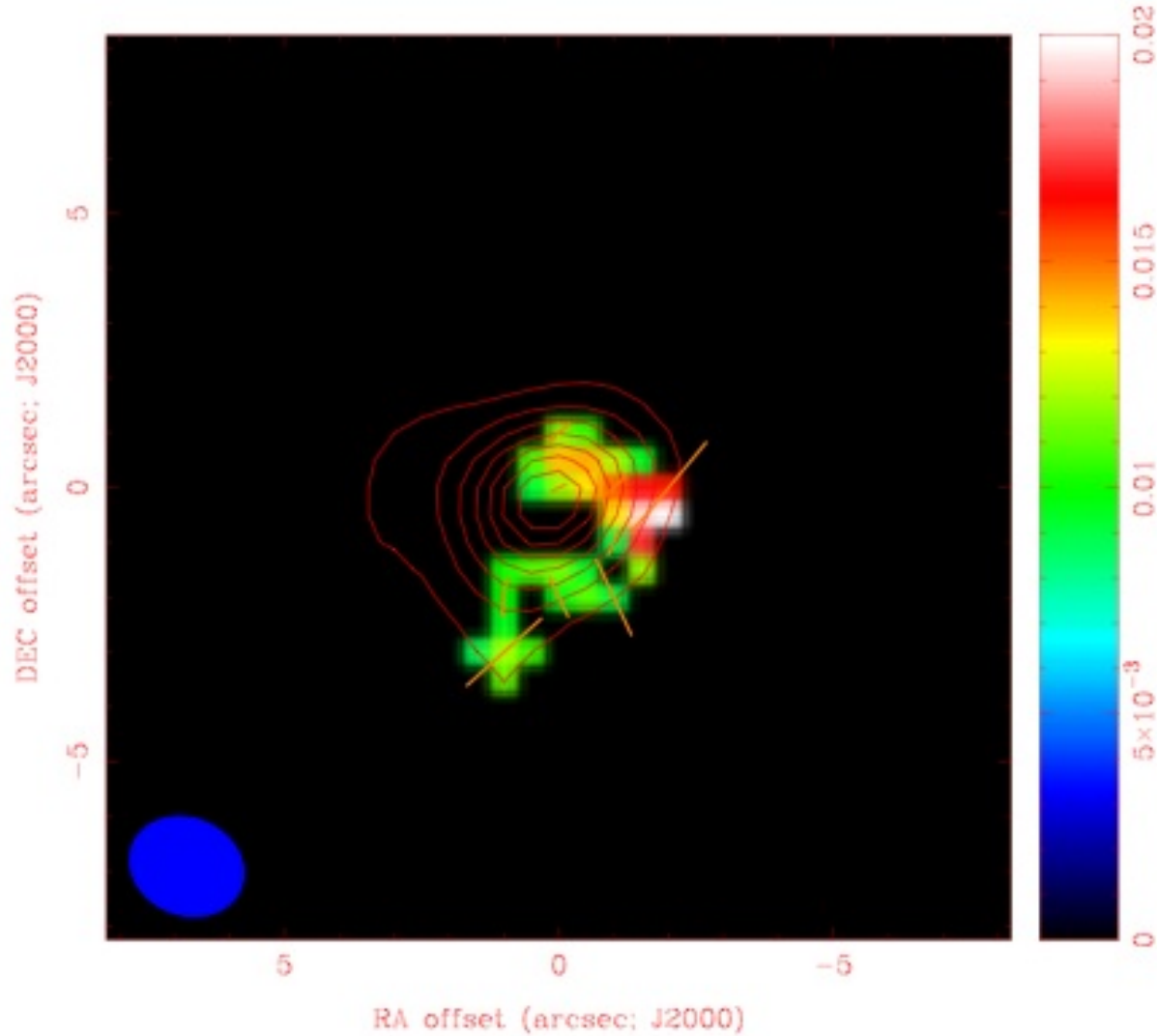
IRAS20126



Sridharan et al.



L1551IRS5



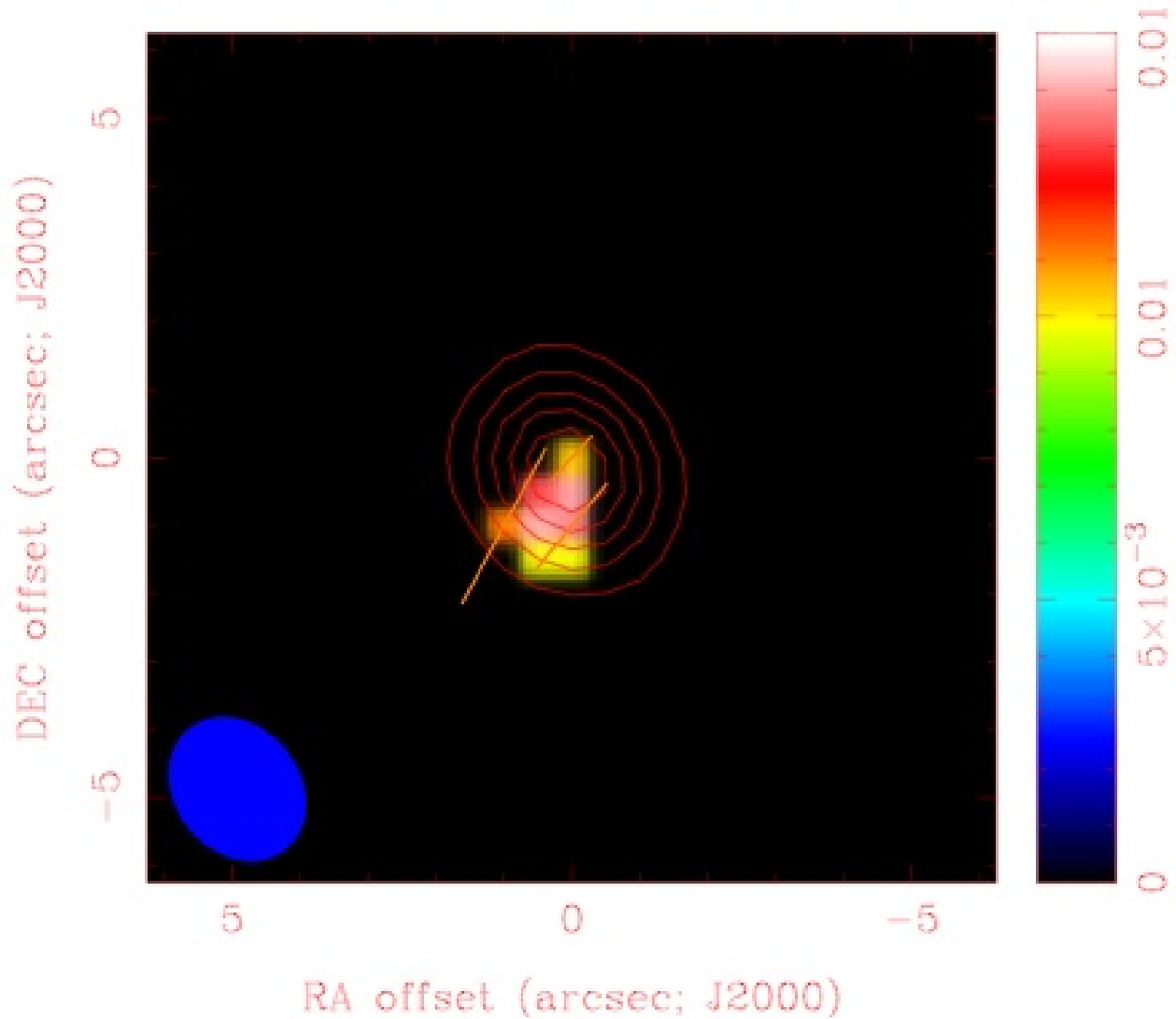
Rao et al.

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HLTAU



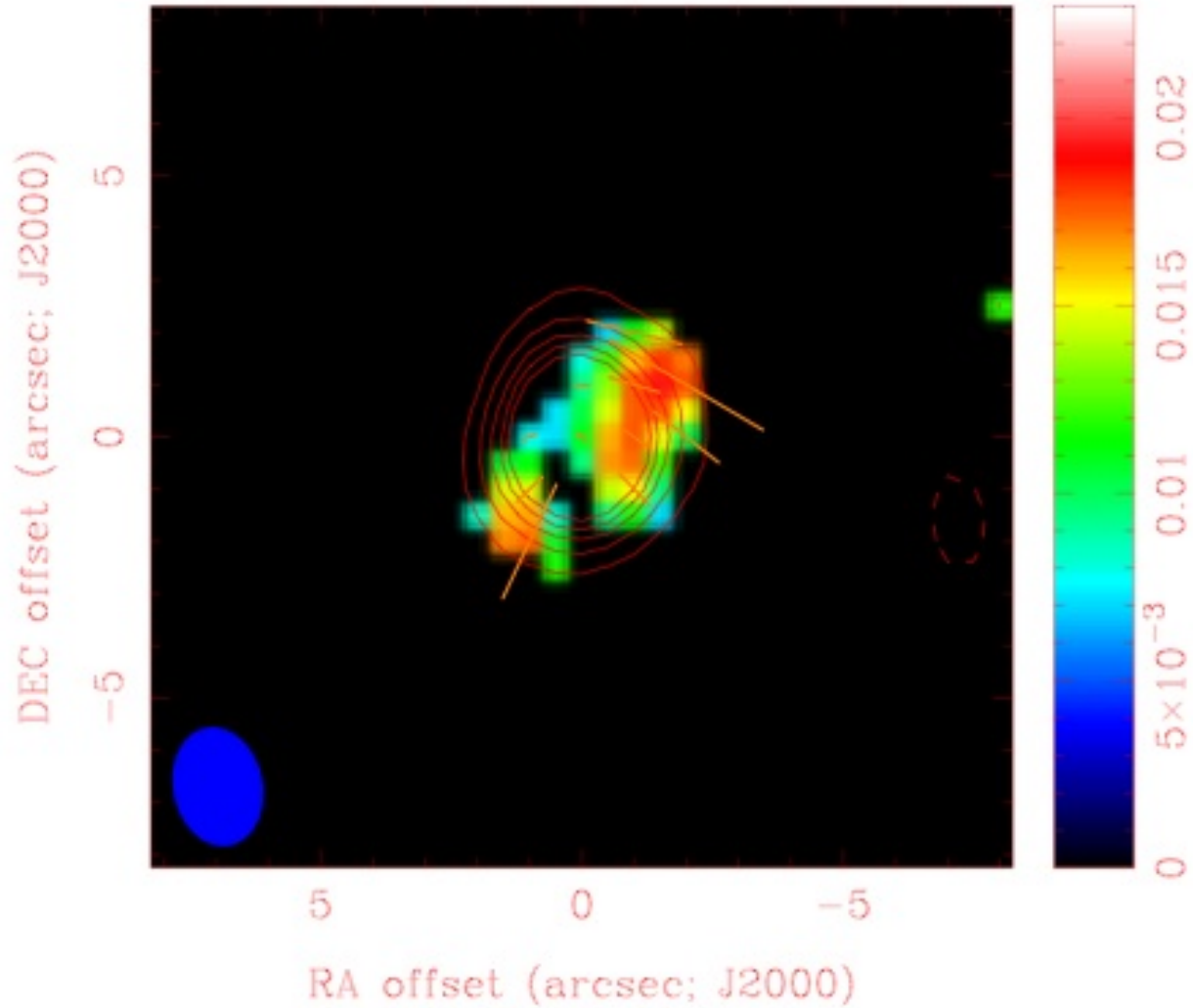
Rao et al.

Sep 4-5, 2007

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NGC1333 IRAS4B



Rao et al.

Sep 4-5, 2007

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Future of SMA Polarization Observations

- We have a number of other observations with collaborators within the SMA and outside
- The targets are mainly well known YSOs
- High mass star forming regions such as G5.89, G30.79, IRAS20126 etc.
- Low mass regions such as HLTAU, VLA1623, etc.
- In the future we will have dual polarization capability
==> ALMOST $\sqrt{3}$ INCREASE in SENSITIVITY